

### Specification

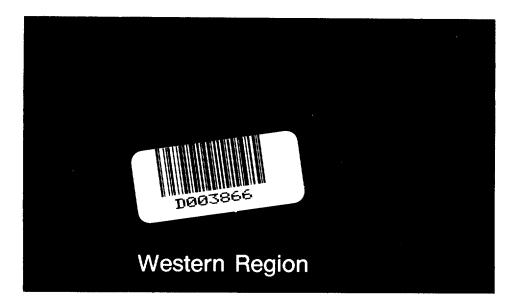
LIARD HIGHWAY, N.W.T.

MILE 63.8 TO MILE 66.98

CLEARING, GRADING AND DRAINAGE

PROJECT 085915

NOVEMBER, 1978



Public Works Canada		Specification
Western Region	Liard Highway, N.W.T.	Index
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	This document is the document	referred to as "Plans and
	Specifications" and marked 'A'	
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Liard Highway, N.W.T. Mile 63.8 to Mile 66.98 Project 085915	Special Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 1 of 10
1.1.1 Description	The work consists of clear culvert installations and gravel on approximately 3	placing traffic

### 1.1.2 Location

Mile 0 of the Liard Highway is at its junction with the Mackenzie Highway, approximately 38 miles southeasterly from the Town of Fort Simpson, N.W.T. From the junction with the Mackenzie Highway, the Liard Highway routing runs in a southwesterly direction to the Northwest Territory - British Columbia boundary, a distance of approximately 158 miles. The Mackenzie Highway mileage at its junction with the Liard Highway is 258.4 with Mile 0 being at the Alberta - Northwest Territories boundary.

Liard Highway in the Northwest Territories.

### 1.1.3 Project Access and Services

Mile 35.5 on the Liard Highway is accessible by all weather road from settled parts in Alberta and southern communities in the N.W.T. by way of the Mackenzie Highway and the previously completed section on the Liard Highway from Mile 0 to Mile 35.5. Road access to Fort Simpson, N.W.T. is subject to closure of the Liard River Ferry Crossing during spring breakup and freeze-up in the fall. The Contractor is advised that there is a temporary Bailey Bridge Crossing of the Birch River at Mile A maximum loading of 44 tons (40 tonnes metric) and a maximum speed of 6 miles per hour (10 kilometres per hour) will be enforced for this structure.

Winter access to the project will be by winter road from Mile 35.5 on the Liard Highway south to the northern limit of this contract. The 1978/79 winter road access will have been completed by others. Due to Land Use Regulation, the winter road can be expected to be closed to traffic by approximately March 31, 1979.

Summer access to the project will be by barge on the Liard River to a barge landing and access road to the Liard Highway adjacent to Mile 61.6. The access road to the river, the barge landing site and the Liard Highway from Mile 61.6 to the northern limit of this Contract, Mile 63.8, will be constructed by others by June 1, 1979. These facilities will be available for use by the Contractor.

Liard	High	nway	7, 1	$\overline{N.W}$	·T.	
Mile 6						
Projec	t 08	3593	L5			

### Special Requirements

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# 1.1.3 Project Access and Services (cont'd)

The Contractor shall be responsible for any maintenance required to the above facilities resulting from his operation, as determined by the Engineer, at no cost to the Department.

The Nelson and Liard Rivers are navigable from Fort Nelson in British Columbia and Fort Simpson in the Northwest Territories, only during high water. However, barge access from adjacent to Mile 22.1 on the Liard Highway to the barge landing site at Mile 61.6 is generally possible to late September. Final loading date for barge shipment is governed by the barge companies.

There is access by air to Fort Simpson, N.W.T. The Fort Simpson Airport, located approximately 29 miles north of Mile 0 on the Liard Highway, has a paved runway.

There may be an airstrip constructed on the section of the Liard Highway between Mile 41.4 and Mile 63.8. The Contractor will be permitted to use this airstrip. Maintenance required to this airstrip as a result of the Contractor's operation shall be performed by the Contractor, as determined by the Engineer, at no cost to the Department.

The above information on project access and services is for the Contractor's guidance only and it will be his responsibility to fully investigate the access and services available in the area and to make himself familiar with the conditions of their use.

Work on the project shall commence no later than March 15, 1979. All work on this project shall be completed by September 30, 1979.

Prior to spring break-up in 1979, the Contractor shall open the gravel deposit area at Mile 66.5 and construct a haul road to the highway from the material above the gravel zone.

#### 1.1.4 Schedule

Liard Highway, N.W.T. Mile 63.8 to Mile 66.98 Project 085915	Special Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 3 of 10
1.1.4 Schedule (cont'd)	This gravel source will a by the Contractor working north of this project, Mi 63.8.	on the section
	Installation of culverts in flowing streams will no during the period May 1 to Contractor attention is to Article 1.1.7 with regulations governing excavate construction of embankmen freezing conditions.	ot be permitted o June 15. The also directed ard to conions and/or the
1.1.5 Clearing	Right-of-way clearing ope the entire length of t is be completed by others by	project will
	Clearing operations under will consist of any requito the clearing previousl clearing of borrow pits, right-of-ways, and dispos	red widenings y carried out, haul road
1.1.6 Interceptor/Offta Ditches	The Contractor is advised interceptor/offtake ditch constructed on the projec during the 1978/79 winter work will be completed by	es will be t by others months. This
1.1.7 Roadway and Borrow Excavation	All roadway and borrow ex shall be carried out in a with Division 9, Section Specifications.	ccordance
	Notwithstanding Article 9 the Specifications the us materials will not be per construction of embankmen specifically approved by Excavations 6 feet deep o	e of frozen mitted in the ts except where the Engineer. r less will not

be permitted during freezing conditions. Excavations deeper than 6 feet will be permitted during freezing conditions providing that the work is carried out in a manner to prevent freezing of thawed materials in the excavations prior to their removal.

To prevent materials in the excavation from freezing, the Contractor shall operate work 24 hours a day.

Liard Highway, Mile 63.8 to M Project 085915	4ile 66.98	Special Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 4 of 10
1.1.7 Roadway Borrow Excavat	ion	Removal of frozen material be placed in the embankment considered incidental to will not be measured separagment.	nt shall be the work and
		Should the Contractor electrons deeper than 6 freezing conditions, the shall be removed from the excavated, as well as with of the embankment. The enalso be kept free of snow the placement of material.  The removal of snow and is above shall be considered the grading operations and measured separately for measured se	feet during snow and ice areas being hin the limits hbankment shall and ice during ce specified incidental to will not be
		measured separately for page Generally, all right-of-way within each balanced section completed prior to excavate However, the Engineer may vation of borrow material roadway access prior to riexcavation.	ay excavations on shall be sion of borrow. approve exca- for initial
1.1.8 Compact	<u>ion</u>	Compaction equipment suppl work shall meet the requir Division 9, Section 4 of to The Contractor shall suppl foot compaction unit and odrum compaction unit, Type	ements of the Specifications. y one sheeps- one vibratory
	The self-powered hand-oper plate unit is intended for installations. The Contra responsible for determinin of units required based on culvert installation opera	use on culvert ctor shall be g the number his proposed	

### 1.1.9 Culvert Materials

All culvert and ancilliary materials required for the work will be provided by Public Works Canada in a stockpile near Mile 21.2 on the Liard Highway. The Contractor shall be responsible for delivery of the materials from the stockpile sites designated above to the individual installation sites.

Mile 63	ighway, N.W.T. .8 to Mile 66.98 . 085915	Divisi Special Requirements Section Page 5	
1.1.10	Structural Plate Corrugated Steel Pipe Culverts	When Corrugated Structural is mentioned in the Plans tions, this shall mean Str Corrugated Steel Pipe.	and Specifica-
		The construction of a tempacross streams shall be considered to the work of lation, and will not be meter payment. The type and the temporary access is sufficiently approval.	onsidered culvert instal- easured separatel d location of
1.1.11	Rip-Rap	Materials for stone rip-rasorted and gathered from resorted some control on the from any other sources of readily available and designing the control of the	roadway and project or large stone
1.1.12	Traffic Gravel	Pit run gravel shall be pl roadway surfaces completed contract. Pit run gravel used for backfill of large as determined by the Engin	l under this will also be er culverts
		Pit run gravel will be obt the gravel and borrow sour to Mile 66.5.	cained from cce adjacent
·		Notwithstanding Division 9	, Section 8,

#### 1.1.13 Engineer's Camp

Public Works Canada will provide to the Contractor the following trailer units for the purpose of providing an Engineer's camp in accordance with Division 9, Section 14 of the Specifications.

Articles 9.8.4.2 and 9.8.4.3, the

yards and cubic yard miles.

quantity of pit run gravel and haul of pit run gravel will be measured in cubic

- 1 Office trailer, 10 feet x 40 feet
- 2 Eight man sleeper units, 10 feet x 50 feet.

The Trailer units to be provided by the Department are stored adjacent to Mile 21.2 on the Liard Highway.

Liard Highway, N.W.T. Division 1 Mile 63.8 to Mile 66.98 Special Requirements Section 1 Project 085915 Page 6 of 10 1.1.13 Engineer's Camp The Contractor shall provide washroom facilities for up to approximately 12 (cont'd) Public Works Canada employees by either: supplying and operating a separate (a) washroom trailer specifically for the purpose, or increasing the size and capacity of (b) the facilities provided for his own staff. The facilities shall be fully selfcontained and shall include as a minimum washbasins, showers and flush toilets as required to meet the appropriate regulatory requirements. The Contractor shall also be responsible for supplying a storage shed together with all materials required for hallways and otherwise setting up the trailers as required in the Specifications. The trailer units shall be placed in the Contractor's camp as required in Division 9, Section 14 of the Specification, Article 9.14.2.1(a) notwithstanding. Upon completion of the work under this contract, the Department's trailer units shall be removed from the camp complex and moved by the Contractor to a site on the project designated by the Engineer. 1.1.14 Metric The Unit Price Table also shows the Conversion estimated work quantities in equivalent metric units. The Contractor is hereby advised this is shown for general interest only and is intended as a preliminary step in familiarizing the industry with metric units that will be used on future contracts. The metric units shown are not to be extended or in any way used as a basis for the Contractor's tender. 1.1.15 Winter Road During the early winter months of 1978/

It will be the Contractor's responsibility when working on the project in the winter season to re-establish and maintain winter road access throughout the project.

1979 a winter road through the project

will be established by others.

	ighway, N.W.T. .8 to Mile 66.98 085915		Special Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 7 of 10
1.1.15	Winter Road (cont'd)		The construction and mainter winter road shall be consided dental to other work and will measured separately for payments.	ered inci- ll not be
1.1.16	Co-operation With Others		The Contractor is also hereke that other construction active extending southward and north this project may commence duperiod of this Contract. For activities, the Contractor soperate to the extent considing the Engineer in providing contractors and their agents over this project. The wint shall be open to the public by the Engineer.	vities  hward from  ring the  r such  shall co- lered reasonable  other  road access  er road
1.1.17	<u>Funds</u>		The Contractor is advised the funds available for this Contine of award to March 31, 1 Department will accept no Prapplications until April 1, Payment for work done prior 1979, will become due under Payment of the Contract upon a Progress Claim application Contractor on or after April	tract from 979. The ogress Claim 1979. to April 1, the Terms of receipt of from the
1.1.18	Labour Requirements	.1	The Contractor shall provide necessary and properly quali to operate and maintain his and camp.	fied workmen
		. 2	The Contractor's attention is the following guideline for dents and Section 27(2) of Gonditions "C". Notwithstanterms of Section 27(2), specements shall be enforced for in line with the guidelines. Contractor, at least two (2) to recruiting his work force with the:	local resi- eneral ding all the ial arrange- this Contract The weeks prior

Manager Canada Manpower Centre Fort Simpson, N.W.T.

and acquaint him with all his labour force requirements. This meeting may also be attended by the Federal Department of Indian and Northern Affairs, Public Works Canada, and N.W.T. Gov't. Employment Liaison Officer.

Liard	Hi	gh	way	,	N.W	T.	
Mile 6	3.	8	to	Mi	le	66.	98
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### Special Requirements

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1.1.18 Labour
Requirements
(cont'd)

The Canada Manpower Centre will identify for the Contractor local residents in the area of the contract who appear to have the qualifications to perform the duties as outlined by the Contractor and the Contractor must show Canada Employment and Immigration Commission just cause in the event these local people are not offered employment.

### .3 Liard Highway Project Employment Guidelines

- Contractors will be required to notify the Canada Manpower Centre of all jobs at least two (2) weeks prior to recruiting his work force and the Contractor agrees to recruit his workers outside the Northwest Territories only to the extent that qualified residents are not available. The Canada Manpower Centre will act as the only employment referral agency.
- .2 The prime Contractor will provide for Training-On-The-Job Contracts to be arranged with the Department of Manpower and Immigration for those indigenous Territorial residents who require special assistance in order to fill available jobs.
- .4 Priorities for hiring on the Liard Highway (Mile 63.8 to 67.1) should be based upon residents in the following areas as of January 1, 1978.
  - Priority 1. Those residents of the area administered by the Fort Simpson Canada Manpower Office and residents of Fort Providence.
  - Priority 2. Those residents of other areas in the Northwest Territories.
  - Priority 3. Those residents of other areas in Canada.

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	and the second		
1.1.18	Labour Requirements (cont'd)	In the event that persons are or leave the job, replacement are to be recruited using the	personnel

Manpower Centre.

# 1.1.19 Employment Report

The Contractor shall, no later than the third day of each month, prepare and submit to Public Works Canada a report, showing for each person employed by the Contractor at any time during the previous month, their name, permanent residence, job classification, date hired, and date terminated.

priorities and employment guidelines. Workers on lay off status will be

recalled through the Fort Simpson Canada

Reporting forms will be supplied by Public Works Canada.

1.1.20 Geotechnical and Design Information

Notwithstanding Article 9.2(a).3.2(b) of the Specifications, the tender Plans show the location and designation of exploratory test holes that have been drilled along the proposed highway route and in areas of proposed and potential materials sources. Prospective bidders may obtain copies of the test result sheets for the holes shown from the Project Manager's office in Edmonton, Alberta and these will be considered part of the tender information. hereby emphasized to prospective bidders that the test results represent the conditions found in the exploratory holes on the dates that they were established. Any conclusions concerning material outside the bore holes will be the Contractor's own interpretation of the subsoil conditions.

The design mass diagram prepared for the work will also be made available for review by prospective bidders in the Project Manager's office. This will be made available for general information only and is not to be considered a part of the Plans and Specifications or to be taken as a guarantee of the material sources that will be taken from each source. The Engineer may add to or delete from the material sources indicated on the Tender Plans or in the design mass diagram.

Liard Highway, N.W.T. Mile 63.8 to Mile 66.98 Project 085915	Special Requirements  Section 1 Page 10 of 10
1.1.21 Deliniators	Roll-proof deliniators will be installed between station 3465 and station 3471 as designated by the Engineer.
1.1.22 Maintenance Services	The Contractor shall provide, from time to time, qualified maintenance staff and/or maintenance facilities for the purpose of maintaining the Engineer's equipment. For such work, the measurement for payment shall be according to Clause 45 of General Conditions "C".
1.1.23 Land Use Permit	The Land Use Permit for this section of the Liard Highway will be submitted with an addendum. The Operating Terms of the Land Use Permit is bound in the Specifications of this Contract.

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May,	19	76

#### General Requirements

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# 1.2.1 Land Use Regulations

- .1 The Land Use Permit included in the Specifications was issued to this Department, granting it the authority to carry out the work described in the Specifications and Plans subject to the Territorial Land Use Regulations of the Territorial Land Use Act. The Land Use Permit and the attached Operating Conditions shall be considered part of the Contract Specifications.
- .2 The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 8 of the General Conditions "C" of the Contract and he is hereby advised he will be held fully responsible for all fines and renalties issued against the Department of Public orks as Permittee under the Land Use Permit, and which resulted directly or indirectly from the Contractor's activities on the Project.

# 1.2.2 Control of Materials

Royalties payable to the Crown under the terms of the Territorial Quarrying Regulations for rock, gravel, sand and/or loam are hereby cancelled for the purpose of carrying out work under this Contract.

#### 1.2.3 Measurement of Quantities

#### .1 Linear

All linear measurements shall be based on horizontal distances, except for the measurement of culvert installations as noted elsewhere in these Specifications.

#### .2 Volume

- .1 In computing volume of excavation and embankment, the average end area method will be used, except as otherwise agreed to by the Contractor and the Engineer.
- .2 When materials are to be measured in the haulage vehicle, the vehicle shall be of a size and type acceptable to the Engineer. Unless approved vehicles are of uniform capacity, each must bear a plainly legible identification mark indicating its specific approved capacity. Loads shall be measured at the point of delivery.
- .3 Material specified for measurement by the cubic yard may be weighed and such weights converted to cubic yards for payment purposes. Factors of conversion will be determined by the Engineer and must be agreed to by the Contractor before such method of measurement of pay quantities will be approved by the Engineer.
- .4 When gallons are specified as a measurement, they shall mean imperial gallons.

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May,	1976	

#### General Requirements

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### 1.2.3 Measurement of Quantities (cont'd)

#### .3 Weight

- .1 The term ton shall mean two thousand (2,000) pounds avoirdupois.
- .2 All materials which are specified for measurement by weight shall be weighed on scales of a type and at a location approved by the Engineer. Trucks used shall be weighed empty at such times as the Engineer directs, and each truck shall bear a clearly legible identification mark.
- .3 Weight measurements will be made by a weighmaster provided by the Department using scales and a scale house to be provided by the Contractor. The scales shall be of suitable design and of sufficient capacity to accommodate any vehicle used on the work in a single weighing operation and shall be inspected and tested for accuracy by the Federal Department of Consumer and Corporate Affairs, Weights and Measures Inspection Branch, as often as may be required by the Engineer. The scale house shall be weatherproof and constructed to afford protection for the recording device of the scales. It shall have one sliding window facing the scale platform, one end window, and a shelf desk at least two (2) feet wide and six (6) feet long. Doors shall not open onto the scale platform. The Contractor shall provide adequate lighting and heating.

The furnishing of scales and scalehouse and the inspection and testing of the scales shall be considered incidental to the work under the Contract and will not be measured separately for payment.

- 1.2.4 Construction
  Interruptions for
  Environmental
  Protection
- .1 The Contractor will be required to temporarily cease operations on certain sections of the Project for reasons of protecting the environment as outlined in Division 1, Section 1, or in the Operating Conditions of the Land Use Permit. The Contractor shall schedule and organize his works so that the maximum of productive work can continue on other sections of the project during the period(s) of constraint.
- .2 When an unscheduled shutdown of the Contractor's operation has been ordered for reasons of protecting the environment, other than those reasons specified in Division 1, Section 1, or for those reasons in the Operating Conditions of the Land Use Permit, and when, in the opinion of the Engineer, productive work cannot be performed on other sections of the project by the equipment affected by the shutdown,

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1.2.4 Construction
Interruptions for
Environmental
Protection (cont'd)

payment will be made to the Contractor for equipment and labour standby costs as follows:

#### .1 Production Equipment Standby

Production Equipment shall include only those units listed in the following group:

motor-scrapers, crawler tractors, front end loaders, motor graders, trucks larger than eight (8) cubic yards, rock drills, compressors and backhoes, draglines and shovels over one-half (1/2) cubic yard. The formula to be applied in determining standby costs for a piece of equipment shall be fifty (2) percent of the current "Alberta Road-Builders Association Rental Rate less the applicable operator wage rate quoted in the Association rate schedule." Such costs will be applicable up to a maximum of 10 hours per day, 5 days per week.

#### .2 Labour Standby

Labour standby costs will be paid for only those operators assigned to production equipment mentioned above and which have been affected by the shutdown. Measurement for payment will be made in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C" and shall be based on actual standby wage costs and costs of board and camp operation incurred by the Contractor. The Contractor may be required to present copies of his payroll records to support any labour costs claimed under this section. Payment for board and camp operation may be calculated on the basis of the Unit Price Table Item "Board for Engineer's Staff."

.3 The proposed payments outlined above for Production Equipment Standby and Labour Standby shall be considered full and final compensation for all costs directly or indirectly incurred by the Contractor because of unscheduled shutdown of his operations for protection of the environment.

The Contractor shall, at his own cost, provide, erect and maintain all necessary barricades, suitable and sufficient lights, danger signals and other signs and take all necessary precautions for the protection of the work and the safety of the public.

The Contractor may be required to erect and maintain a standard Department of Public Works project sign(s) supplied by the Department. Measurement for payment

# 1.2.5 Barricades and Warning Signs

#### 1.2.6 Project Signs

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### 1.2.6 Project Signs (cont'd)

for the erection and maintenance of the sign(s) will be made in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".

#### 1.2.7 Layout of Work

The Engineer will set stakes and bench marks establishing the location, alignment and reference elevations for the work. This will generally include the setting out of one set of clearing markers, offset baseline, bench marks, slope stakes and culvert stakes, together with two sets of second grade stakes.

Any restaking resulting from the careless operations of the Contractor will be at the Contractor's own cost.

#### 1.2.8 Maintenance of Work During Construction

#### .1 General

The Contractor shall at his own cost maintain all work during construction. The maintenance shall constitute continuous and effective work, prosecuted day by day, with adequate equipment and forces so that the roadway and/or structures are, at all times, kept in a condition satisfactory to the Engineer.

#### .2 Roadway

- (a) Ruts and ridges caused by machinery or vehicles shall be removed from the completed or partially completed roadway.
- (b) Any portion of the road used for travel shall be kept free of snow.
- (c) Prior to spring thaw, snow shall be removed from the top of the road, including shoulders, for the full length of completed or partially completed construction as directed by the Engineer.

#### .3 Icing of Culverts

The Contractor shall, at his own cost, thaw out iced culverts to ensure that culverts are functioning during the period of spring break-up. The Department will provide a mobile steamer for this purpose. The Contractor shall be responsible for operating and maintaining this unit and shall return it to the Engineer in good condition upon completing this work.

# 1.2.9 Use of Roadway During Construction

Vehicles of the Government of Canada and the Northwest Territories, or of the Agents or Contractors thereof, will be allowed access within the limits of the project at all times. Unless otherwise

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May,	1976

#### General Requirements

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1.2.9 Use of Roadway
During Construction
(cont'd)

provided in Division 1, Section 1, the Contractor may close the road to the general public during construction. The Engineer may, however, grant the use of the road to other operators.

### 1.2.10 Construction Camp

The Contractor's camp and service area locations are subject to the approval of the Engineer and shall be set up and operated in accordance with the Government of the Northwest Territories Regulations governing operation of temporary field camps.

The development, maintenance and restoration of the Construction Camp and Service Area shall be considered incidental to the work unc — the Contract and will not be measured separately for payment.

The Contractor shall make application to the Controller of Water Rights, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, Yellowknife, N.W.T., for authorization for the use of water and disposal of domestic sewage wastes at the camp in accordance with the Northern Inland Waters Act. The Contractor shall obtain this authorization prior to camp startup.

Untreated sewage shall not be discharged directly or indirectly into natural waters. Depending on camp population, soil conditions, climatic conditions and the duration of the camp at one site, the following generally are acceptable methods of sewage disposal.

- .1 Total underground containment or lagooning by means of:
  - (a) Discharge directly to a suitably cribbed and covered cesspool.
  - (b) Discharge to a suitably cribbed leach pit through a septic tank or through a leach cesspool compartment. The septic tank or leach cesspool compartment is for settlement and digestion and for sludge removal as necessary.
  - c) Discharge to an underground holding pit (which could be a cesspool, leach pit or tank) of at least one week retention capacity and discharged weekly from there to a lagoon by a portable pump and flex-hose or other suitable arrangement. The lagoon shall be suitably located at least three hundred (300) feet away from the camp being served.

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### 1.2.10 Construction Camp (cont'd)

The lagoon shall have a minimum retention period of one (1) year, a liquid depth of six (6) feet to eight (8) feet, a free board minimum of eighteen (18) inches and impervious berms having a ten (10) foot top width and minimum slopes of three to one (3:1). Suitable precautions shall be taken for erosion control.

Package treatment plants such as rotating Bio Disc, Physical Chemical Plant, etc.:

The plants are to be sized and operated to produce an effluent of secondary treatment quality. The Contractor shall make every effort to use water-saving fixtures in the camps such as low water-use toilets, urinals, wash basin taps, shower heads, and washing machines.

- 3. Prior to the installation of the camp and related services, a plan of the layout shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. Upon being vacated, the construction camp and service areas shall be left in a condition acceptable to the Engineer.
- 1.2.11 Forest Protection and Fire Fighting Equipment
- .1 The Contractor shall comply with the requirements for forest protection and fire fighting equipment regulations as outlined in the Land Use Permit and the Forest Protection Ordinance, Chapter 38 of the Revised Ordinances of the Northwest Territories.
- .2 The following fire fighting equipment is required for the construction camp(s):

Equipment	Size of Camp (Men)			
	25	<u>50</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>100</u>
Fire Shovels Axes, boys, 2½ lb.	5 2	10 4	15 6	20 8
Pulaski Tools	5	10	15	20
Chain Saws	1	1	2	2
Backpack Pumps	5	15	20	20
Power Pumps, 1½"				
discharge	1	2	2	3
Fire Hose, 12 standard				
coupling	1500'	3000	3000'	4500'
Hose Carrying Bags	3	3	6	9
Water Tank, slip on, 500 gal. capacity movable by truck				
or crawler tractor	1	1	1	2

The chain saw(s) shall weigh approximately twelve (12 lbs. and be equipped with a sixteen (16) inch bar,

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# 1.2.11 Forest Protection and Fire Fighting Equipment (cont'd)

kit.

The power pumps shall be nine (9) horsepower pumps or larger fully equipped with suction hose, couplings, auxiliary tanks, nozzles, funnels, spare spark plugs, fuel, hose wrenches and other tools.

- .3 Fire fig. ing equipment shall be stored in a conspicious place in the camp and used exclusively for fire control. Caches should be appropriately signed.
- .4 The Contractor shall designate three (3) persons who will be contacts for the Northwest Lands and Forest Service Field Officer. Irior to commencement of work, the Contractor shall contact the Northwest Lands and Forest Service Field Officer who will instruct the Contractor's "designated persons" so that they will become familiar with the fire regulations, safety precautions and general operating procedures in case of fire.
- .5 The supply of fire fighting equipment shall be considered incidental to the work under the contract and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .1 Notwithstanding all the terms of Section 27(2) of the General Conditions "C", special arrangements are required for the employment of local residents on this project. The Contractor, prior to recruiting his work force, shall meet with the Manager, Canada Manpower Centre, covering the area of the project and advise him of his labour requirements for the project.

The Canada Manpower Centre will identify for the Contractor, local residents in the area of the project who appear to be qualified to perform the duties as outlined by the Contractor and the Contractor must show just cause in event these qualified local people are not offered employment. The Canada Manpower Centre will act as the employment referral agency.

During the progress of the work, the Economic Development Section, Department of Local Government, Government of the Northwest Territories, will make a Liaison Officer available on site to assist the Contractor with any employment arrangements with the local people. The Contractor will maintain contact with Liaison Officers who will provide counselling services as required for employees and their families.

.2 The Contractor will provide for training on the job

# 1.2.12 Employment of Native People

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#### 1.2.12 Employment of Native People (cont'd)

contracts, to be arranged by the Territorial Government, for those indigenous Territorial residents who require special assistance in order to fill available jobs.

# 1.2.13 Climatic Conditions

The Contractor's attention is drawn to the severe climatic conditions at the location of the project. Information regarding the climatic conditions can be obtained from the Department of the Environment.

# 1.2.14 Environmental Briefings

When he has commenced operation of all equipment necessary to perform the work identified as clearing and excavation, and thereafter approximately every three (3) months, the Contractor shall arrange to have all his field staff available for a period of about one hour for environmental briefings. The Contractor shall provide space for the briefings at his camp. The Department will arrange for and bear the cost of having environmental experts available for the briefings. The briefings will be scheduled to fit in with the Contractor's operation (double shift), so as not to require any shutdown of the construction work.

The Department may also have available in the camp, a short photographic slide presentation or movie outlining environmental concerns and precautions to be taken. If such is available, the Contractor shall ensure that all new employees on the work view this presentation as soon after arrival as possible.

The Contractor's Superintendent shall meet with the Engineer and the Land Use Officer prior to commencement of any work under this Contract to review the requirements of the Land Use Permit Operating Conditions, to identify areas of environmental concern, and to establish special procedures and precautions because of such concern.

#### 1.2.15 Schedules

#### .1 Tender Schedules

Each Bidder shall submit with his tender a schedule in bar chart form covering excavation, gravel, structural plate culverts, and temporary bridge structures and showing the calendar dates on which activities on each of those items will take place for each five-mile section of the Contract. This schedule must clearly demonstrate that the Bidder has examined all of the requirements of these Specifications, has examined the site conditions, has made himself aware of the access problems to the site and is aware of schedule limitations which may be brought about by climatic conditions or environmental requirements.

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# 1.2.15 Schedules (cont'd)

#### .2 Construction Schedule

After notification of award of Contract, the Contractor must prepare a detailed Construction Schedule showing the calendar time planned for clearing, roadway and borrow excavation, temporary bridge construction, traffic gravel and installation of corrugated steel pipe and corrugated structural plate pipe on the basis of a mile by mile identification for the total length of the Contract. The schedule must meet the requirements of any milestone dates outlined in Division 1, Section 1.

There will be no payment f progress claims until the Construction Schedule 13 received in a form acceptable to the Engineer.

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#### Clearing

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#### 9.1.1 Description

This item consists of the removal and disposal, in accordance with these Specifications, of trees, brush, stumps, logs and other surface debris from within the highway right-of-way, haul roads, borrow pits, disposal areas, gravel pits and other areas shown on the Plans or designated by the Engineer.

#### 9.1.2 Materials

Not applied 51e.

#### 9.1.3 Construction

Clearing shall consist of the removal and disposal of all items mentioned in Article 9.1.1, except for trees and shrubs that are designated for preservation. These trees and shrubs shall be protected from scarring, barking or other injury during the construction operations. Dangerous trees and snags overhanging the right-of-way and leaners along the edge of all cleared areas shall be removed. Shrubs and brush less than three (3) feet in height will not require cutting.

#### .1 Machine Clearing

The Engineer will designate the areas which may be cleared by machine. Machine Clearing will generally be permitted for the clearing of borrow pits and for the clearing of the right-of-way and haul roads where roadway excavations are proposed.

#### .2 Hand Clearing

Hand Clearing shall be performed on areas designated by the Engineer and shall consist of cutting to within eight (8) inches of original ground surface, all trees and brush. Generally hand clearing will be confined to the right-of-way, offtake ditches and haul roads.

Hand Clearing shall be carried out in a manner that will not damage the existing insulation of organic material. The use of machinery to pile and dispose of the clearing debris will only be permitted over frozen ground conditions.

#### .3 Debris Piles

Debris piles consisting of trees, rubbish and/or organic materials existing from previous clearing operations shall be removed and disposed of by the Contractor.

#### .4 Disposal

All clearing debris shall be disposed of as directed by the Engineer. Generally the disposal of rightof-way debris will consist of barning and placing

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Clearing

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### 9.1.3 Construction (cont'd)

of any unburned debris in disposal pits or disposal areas designated and/or approved by the Engineer. For the clearing of borrow pits, the Contractor will generally be permitted to place the clearing debris into a section of the pit where excavation is completed or along the outside edge of the pit and to flatten, cover with waste excavation and trim such debris to a condition acceptable to the Engineer.

In specific areas, the Engineer may permit or direct that trees from the hand-cut clearing operation be laid into a uniform mat within the limits of future embankment.

#### .5 Right-of-Way Clearing Limits

Generally the right-of-way will be cleared to a width of one hundred (100) feet or wider, if required, to provide a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from the toe of embankment or from the top of excavation backslope to the edge of the clearing.

#### .6 Progress of Work

Except as may otherwise be approved or directed by the Engineer, borrow pit areas shall not be cleared in advance of excavation by more than one (1) week. The clearing within the right-of-way shall be completed at least one-half (1/2) mile in advance of the grading operation.

Where portions of the right-of-way have previously been cleared by others, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer no later than October 1st of each year of the section of anticipated embankment construction to take place between October 1st and April 15th.

The quantity of CLEARING to be measured for payment shall be the number of acres acceptably cleared in accordance with these Specifications.

The removal of stumps and remaining clearing debris on areas cleared by others shall be considered incidental to the clearing operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

Earth material removed along with the clearing debris during the clearing disposal shall be considered incidental to the clearing operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

#### 9.1.4 Measurement

9.2(a).1 Description		This item consists of excavating, loading, hauling within the freehaul distance, placing or disposing and trimming of all Roadway and Borrow Excavation materials. The work is to be carried out in accordance with these Specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.
9.2(a).2 Materials	.1	Excava Rock
		Excavation Rock is defined as:
		(a) Material excavated from solid masses of igneous sedimentary or metamorphic rock which, prior to its removal, was integral with its parent mass.
		(b) Boulder or rock fragments measuring in volume two (2) cubic yards or more.
	.2	Excavation Common
		Excavation Common shall consist of all other materials of whatever nature, including dense tills, hardpan and frozen materials that do not come under the classification of Excavation Rock.
9.2(a).3 Construction	.1	Roadway Excavation
		(a) Roadway Excavation will include excavation required for construction of contiguous roadway ditches, embankments, installation of culverts, and the removal and disposal of unsuitable materials.
		(b) All suitable materials excavated shall be place in roadway embankments except as otherwise di- rected by the Engineer. The embankment shall be constructed in accordance with Division 9, Section 4.
		(c) All materials which in the opinion of the Engineer are unsuitable for embankments will be disposed of at locations and in a manner as directed by the Engineer.
		(d) All roadway excavation shall be carried out in a manner so as to minimize disturbance to the natural ground cover on adjacent areas.
		(e) Trimming of all excavation surfaces shall be done in a neat and workmanlike manner. Roadway excavations shall not vary from the grades shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer by more than two-tenths (2/10) of a foot. In addition the difference between the constructed grade and the designated grade, within any one hundred (100) foot length of roadway, shall not vary by more than one-tenth (1/10) of a foot.

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This item consists of excavating, loading, hauling

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9.2(a).1 Description

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### 9.2(a).3 Construction (cont'd)

- (f) Where the subgrade is in transition from excavation to embankment, sub-excavation will be carried out in the transition area in accordance with the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.
- (g) Where unsuitable material is encountered at the grade level of a cut, the sub-grade shall be sub-excavated to the depth staked by the Engineer.
- (h) Where suitable material is encountered at the grade level of a cut, scarifying to a minimum depth of eight (8) inches below sub-grade will be performed prior to shaping and compaction.
- (i) If during excavation, material appearing to conform to the classification of Excavation Rock is encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and shall provide ample opportunity for the Engineer to investigate and to make such measurements as are necessary to determine the volume of material in question.
- (j) Rock which cannot be ripped, shall be drilled and blasted in such a manner that all material excavated will be usable for embankment construction.
- (k) Where solid rock is encountered at the grade level of a cut, the subgrade shall be subexcavated as shown on the Plans and backfilled with material designated by the Engineer.
- (1) Rock slopes shall be scaled down removing boulders and rock fragments to form stable slopes.

#### .2 Borrow Excavation

- (a) The Engineer will designate and approve all borrow sources and haul roads. Haul roads from borrow pits will consist of one (1) two-way road having a maximum surface width of thirty-two (32) feet or two (2) one-way haul roads each having a maximum surface width of twenty (20) feet. The haul roads will generally be doglegged so that only a short section of the haul road is visible from the highway.
- (b) Drill logs in the vicinity of potential borrow sources have been indicated on the Plans. This information has been provided to give the Contractor an appreciation of the general type of material to be encountered in borrow sources and the general spacing of such borrow

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Roadway and Borrow Excavation

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### 9.2(a).3 Construction (cont'd)

sources. The actual location, dimensions and depths for excavation of borrow sources will be designated in the field by the Engineer.

- (c) Slopes of the excavated borrow pits shall not be steeper than two to one (2:1) for Excavation Common and one-quarter to one (1/4:1) for Excavation Rock, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- (d) Unsuitable materials excavated from borrow pits will generally be disposed of by placing it as designated by the Engineer immediately adjacent to the borrow pit in such a location as not to interfere with the actural ground drainage or drainage from or into the borrow pit. The disposed of material will be trimmed as directed by the Engineer. For certain borrow excavations the Engineer may direct that all or part of the unsuitable material be placed back into the excavated area upon completion of the borrow excavation.
- (e) If during excavation, material appearing to conform to the classification of Excavation Rock is encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and shall provide ample opportunity for the Engineer to investigate and to make such measurements as are necessary to determine the volume of material in question.
- (f) Rock which cannot be ripped shall be drilled and blasted in such a manner that all materials excavated will be usable for embankment construction.

#### 9.2(a).4 Measurement

1 The quantity of EXCAVATION COMMON to be measured for payment shall be the number of cubic yards of material in its original position, acceptably excavated and placed in accordance with these Specifications.

Original cross sections will be taken after the clearing is completed.

Scarifying as specified in Article 9.2(a).3.1(h) shall be considered incidental to the roadway and borrow excavation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

.2 The quantity of EXCAVATION ROCK to be measured for payment shall be the number of cubic yards of material in its original position acceptably excavated and placed in accordance with these Specifications.

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Division 9 Section 2(a) Page 4 of 4

### 9.2(a).4 Measurement (cont'd)

Original cross sections will be taken on top of the exposed rock surface.

- .3 There will be no measurement for payment for material excavated beyond the lines shown on the Plans or as staked by the Engineer except in roadway rock excavations, where in the opinion of the Engineer unavoidable over-break occurs. Measurement for payment will be made for the actual quantity involved provided the over-break does not exceed ten (10) percent of the actual quantity within the lines and grades as staked by the Engineer between the established one-hundred (100) foot station intervals where the over-break occurs. Materials in excess of the allowable over-break when placed in the embankment, will be measured for payment as Excavation Common. Materials in excess of the allowable over-break and not placed in the embankment, will not be measured for payment.
- .4 Where the Engineer directs that unsuitable material from a borrow pit be placed back into the excavated area after completion of the borrow excavation, this work will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".
- .5 The removal and disposal of all roots, stumps, surface debris and other unsuitable materials shall be considered incidental to the measurement made for Roadway and Borrow Excavation.

#### 9.3.1 Description

This item consists of the excavation required for permanently deepening, widening and relocating water channels, the construction of ditches other than contiguous roadway ditches, loading, hauling within the free haul distance, placing or disposing and trimming of materials in accordance with these Specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the Plans of as designated by the Engineer. Except for intercepter ditches running generally parallel to the roadway embankment but not contiguous with it, channel excavation will be designated beyond a distance of fifteen (15) feet from the staked toe of the embankment.

#### 9.3.2 Materials

### .1 Channel Excavation Rock

Channel Excavation Rock is defined as:

- (a) Channel material excavated from solid masses of igneous, sedimentary or metamorphic rock which, prior to its removal, was integral with its parent mass.
- (b) Boulder or rock fragments measuring in volume two (2) cubic yards or more.

### .2 Channel Excavation Common

Channel Excavation Common shall consist of the excavation of all other materials of whatever nature including dense tills, hardpan and frozen materials that do not come under the classification of Channel Excavation Rock.

#### 9.3.3 Construction

All materials excavated shall be disposed of as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. Suitable material shall be used in the roadway embankment, where considered practical by the Engineer. When excavated material is placed near the banks of a channel or ditch, provision shall be made to ensure proper flow of water from adjacent land to this waterway. The excavation shall be neatly finished and the disposed of material shall be shaped and trimmed to a condition satisfactory to the Engineer. The excavation equipment is subject to the approval of the Engineer.

All Channel Excavation shall be carried out in a manner as not to damage the natural ground cover on adjacent areas.

#### 9.3.4 Measurement

.1 The quantity of CHANNEL EXCAVATION COMMON to be measured for payment, shall be the number of cubic yards of material, in its original position, acceptably excavated and placed in accordance with these Specifications.

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#### Channel Excavation

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# 9.3.4 Measurement (cont'd)

- .2 The quantity of CHANNEL EXCAVATION ROCK to be measured for payment, shall be the number of cubic yards of material, in its original position, acceptably excavated and placed in accordance with these Specifications.
- .3 Measurement for payment of material excavated beyond the lines shown on the Plans or staked by the Engineer will not be made except that for Channel Excavation Rock where, in the opinion of the Engineer, unavoidable overbreak occurs. Measurement for payment will be made of the actual quantities involved, provided the overbreak quantity does not exceed ten (10) percent of the actual quantity of rock within the lines and grades as staked by the Engineer between the established one-hundred (100) foot station intervals where the overbreak occurs. Channel Excavation Rock beyond the allowable overbreak will not be measured for payment.
- .4 Original cross sections will be taken after clearing is completed.

#### 9.4.1 Description

This item consists of the construction of embankments for the highway, haul roads, access roads, ditch blocks and ditch checks and the backfilling of culverts, structures and sub-excavated areas in accordance with these Specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.

#### 9.4.2 Materials

The materials shall consist of acceptable earth and/ or rock free from wood, brush, roots and other organic matter. All materials shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer prior to use in embankment construction.

#### 9.4.3 Construction

#### .1 Placing Embankments

- (a) The embankment shall be constructed to the lines and grades shown on the Plans and/or staked by the Engineer. If an embankment is constructed beyond the designated lines and grades, the excess material shall be removed by the Contractor and placed where the embankment is below grade level. If the excess material cannot be acceptably used in embankment construction, it shall be disposed of at a location designated by the Engineer in a manner approved by the Engineer.
- The initial lift of embankment material on unstable foundations shall have a minimum thickness of three (3) feet for support of construction equipment. The Engineer may permit the initial lift to be placed in a narrow fill along the uphill side of the embankment area to provide access to various works along the right-of-way. Successive lifts on an unstable foundation and all lifts on stable foundations shall be constructed in uniform layers of eighteen (18) inches maximum thickness across the entire width of the embankment with the final lift of eight (8) inches maximum compacted thickness. In embankments composed primarily of material obtained from rock cuts, the larger stones shall be carefully distributed and the voids filled with smaller stones and other available material to form a compact mass.
- (c) The Contractor shall maintain sufficient crown and/or superelevation during the embankment construction to ensure ready transverse runoff of surface water.

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# 9.4.3 Construction (cont'd)

- (d) Preliminary shaping of side slopes shall be done as close behind embankment placement as possible.
- (e) Trimming of the top surface, side slopes and toe of the embankments shall be done in a neat and workmanlike manner. Final embankments shall not vary from the grades as shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer by more than two-tenths (2/10) of a foot. In addition, the difference between the constructed grade and the designated grade, within any one hundred (100) foot length of roadway, shall not vary by more than one-tenth (1/10) of a foot.
- (f) Final trimming shall be under the supervision of a competent foreman and shall be complete by September 15th of each year for all sections of the road which have been constructed to final grade.
- (g) The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the type of equipment most suitable for trimming the materials encountered on the project, and shall provide such equipment on the work as required, to acceptably complete the trimming and clean up.
- (h) Material used in the final eight (8) inch lift of embankment, shall be selected by the Contractor to ensure a minimum of boulders or stone fragments having dimensions larger than six (6) inches. After placing the final eight (8) inch lift, all stones, boulders or rock fragments having a major dimension greater than six (6) inches shall be removed from the material and disposed of at locations approved by the Engineer.
- (i) As this project lies within the zone of permafrost, it will be permissible to construct embankment using soils in a frozen state.

#### .2 Compaction of Embankments

- (a) Each layer of embankment material shall be spread evenly to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The hauling equipment shall be directed uniformly over the full width of each layer of material placed.
- (b) The Engineer will determine if and when compaction is required in addition to that provided by the hauling units and will designate the type and number of compaction units to be used.

# 9.4.3 Construction (cont'd)

(c) The addition of water to the embankment materia may be required during the compaction operation. The Engineer will designate when this is required and the quantities to be applied. The water shall be distributed in accordance with Division 9, Section 10.

#### .3 Dryin of Embankments

During embankment construction, if in the opinion of the Engineer, the material is too wet for compacting, he may direct that drying of the embankment material be carried out. The type and number of drying equipment units and the drying procedure used will be as directed by the Engineer. If in the opinion of the Engineer the weather is not suitable for drying, the drying work will cease and not resume until the Engineer has so directed.

### .4 Embankment Adjacent to Structures

### (a) Embankment at Bridge Approaches

The permission of the Engineer must be obtained before any fill is placed against concrete arches, abutments or wing walls.

Approach fills to structures, within the lines shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer, shall be constructed of approved material placed in layers of maximum compacted thickness of six (6) inches. The amount of compaction and the type of equipment to be used will be determined by the Engineer. For structures requiring embankments on both sides, the embankment shall be placed simultaneously at the same elevations on both sides of the structure.

#### (b) Embankment at Culverts

Embankment materials around culverts shall be selected by the Engineer and placed to the limits shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer. The material shall be placed and compacted in six (6) inch layers alternately on each side of the culvert so as not to displace the culvert during installation. The amount of compaction and the type of equipment to be used will be determined by the Engineer. To obtain the required compaction under the haunches, the material in this area shall be placed and tamped by hand to the satisfaction of the Enginer.

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# 9.4.3 Construction (cont'd)

### (c) <u>Fill - Retaining Walls</u>

The fill behind the walls shall consist of approved material placed in layers not exceeding six (6) inches in thickness and compacted as directed by the Engineer. In the case of cell type retaining walls, the fill behind the wall shall be tamped and kept near but not above the level of the compacted material within the cells. Where fill is to be placed on a sloping surface, the surface must be benched to reduce the load on the retaining structure.

#### .5 Compaction Equipment

All compactors specified herein for compaction of material shall comply with the following minimum requirements:

- (a) Sheepsfoot compactors shall consist of one or more drum units, having a total minimum width of eight (8) feet. The length of the tamping feet shall not be less than seven (7) inches. Under working conditions, the compactor shall be of such weight that the minimum load upon each tamper foot will not be less than four-hundred (400) pounds per square inch of cross-sectional area of the tamping feet. The sheepsfoot compactor shall be of the self-cleaning type and the ends of the tamping feet shall at all times be kept in a flat condition acceptable to the Engineer.
- Pneumatic-tired rollers shall have a width of not less than six (6) feet. They shall be equipped with pneumatic tires of equal size and diameter. The space between the side walls of adjacent tires shall be not greater than the tire width, and the rear tires shall be staggered in relation to the front tires. The roller shall be equipped with mechanical means of distributing the contact pressure uniformly among all the tires and the tires shall be uniformly inflated so that the air pressure in all tires does not vary more than five (5) pounds per square inch. Pneumatic tired rollers shall be so constructed that the total weight of the roller shall be not less than seventeen (17) tons and that the roller shall develop a minimum of four-hundred (400) pounds pressure per inch width of tire. During rolling, the operating weight of the roller and the tire pressure shall be varied as directed by the Engineer to fit the soil conditions.

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### 9.4.3 Construction (cont'd)

- (c) Grid Rollers shall weigh not less than fifteen (15) tons. The roller shall have a nominal width of eighty (80) inches; with five (5) inches nominal distance between the centre of the bars forming the grid.
- (d) Type (A) steel drum vibratory compactors shall be of the articulated frame type having a drum width of not less than six (6) feet. The weight on the drum end shall be not less than five (5) tons with minimum total applied forces of five-hundred (500) pounds (combined vertical components of dynamic and static forces) per linear inch of drum.
- (e) Type (B) steel drum vibratory compactors shall consist of a double drum (vibration on both drums), self-propelled compaction unit meeting the following minimum requirements:

Total weight
Width of drums
Total applied force
(combined vertical
components of dynamic
and static forces)

1200 lbs.
24 inches
200 lbs. per
linear inch
of drum

- (f) Vibratory padfoot drum compactors shall be of the articulated frame type having a drum width of not less than six (6) feet. The weight on the drum end shall be not less than five (5) tons with a minimum total applied contact pressure (combined dynamic and static pressure) of five hundred (500) pounds per square inch.
- (g) Self-powered, hand-operated vibratory plate units for compaction of backfill and/or embankment immediately adjacent to structures and culverts shall be of a design approved by the Engineer and weighing not less than two hundred (200) pounds.
- (h) Pneumatic, hand operated tamping units for compaction of backfill and the haunches of forty-eight (48) inch and larger diameter culverts shall be the ramming type of approved design and weighing not less than thirty (30) pounds.
- (i) Each compaction unit shall consist of a fully operated compactor. Compaction units described in Articles 9.4.3.5(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) shall be self-propelled or power-drawn, and be capable of moving at a speed up to four (4)

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# 9.4.3 Construction (cont'd)

miles per hour, with the exception of the compaction units described in Article 9.4.3.5(e) which shall be capable of moving at speeds up to seventy (70) feet per minute.

### .6 Drying Equipment

(a) Drying Equipment shall consist of a heavy duty hinge offset type disc plow meeting the following minimum requirements:

Weight

8000 lbs. with provisions for additional weight as required

Width

8 feet

No. of discs

12

Disc diameter

36 inches

(b) Each drying unit shall consist of fully operated self-propelled or power-drawn drying equipment. Drying units shall be capable of moving at speeds up to four (4) m.p.h.

### .7 Time Recording

- (a) All compaction and drying units with the exception of the self-powered and hand operated vibrating plate and tamping units as described in Articles 9.4.3.5(g) and (h) shall be equipped with an approved time recording device which accurately records the number of hours each machine is in operation.
- (b) It will be the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that the time recording devices are properly mounted and maintained, that the cards are accurately identified as to the machine, date and shift and to daily deliver said cards to the Engineer.
- (c) The Engineer will record the number of operating hours for each machine and both the Engineer and the Contractor will certify daily that such records are correct.
- .1 The construction of embankments shall be considered incidental to the work under the Unit Price Table Items, and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .2 The quantity of Compaction to be measured for payment, shall be the actual number of approved hours

### 9.4.4 Measurement

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# 9.4.4 Measurement (cont'd)

each compaction unit is operated as directed by the Engineer in accordance with these Specifications.

- .3 The quantity of Drying to be measured for payment, shall be the actual number of approved hours the drying unit is operated as directed by the Engineer in accordance with these Specifications.
- .4 The Unit Price Table prices for compaction and/or drying units shall be considered all-found fully operated rates including operators as required.
- .5 Other equipment used in the drying and/or compaction operations, which is not shown in the Unit Price Table, shall be considere incidental to the drying and compaction operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .6 Work described in Article 9.4.3.1(a) shall be considered incidental to the embankment construction operation and will not be measured separately for payment. Excess material not used in the embankment but disposed of as directed by the Engineer, will be excluded from the excavation measurement at its source.
- 7 The removal and disposal of stones, boulders and/or rock fragments as described in Article 9.4.3.1(h) shall be considered incidental to the embankment construction operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

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9.5.1 Description	excavated material, cl excavation items, in a	the authorized hauling of assified under the various accordance with these Speciace beyond a free haul dis-

9.5.3 Construction

9.5.4 Measurement

Not applicable.

The quantity of Overhaul to be measured for payment shall be the number of cubic yard miles of haul of authorized material beyond the two thousand six hundred and forty (2,640' foot free haul distance in accordance with these Decifications. The Haul will be calculated by the Mass Diagram Method.

The overhaul distance shall be the distance between the centres of volume of the overhauled material in its original position and its position after placing, less the free haul distance. The haul distance will be measured along the shortest route determined by the Engineer as feasible and satisfactory.

When material is obtained by extra widening of a right-of-way cut, any area of the excavation more than one hundred and fifty (150) feet from the centreline of the roadway shall, for the purpose of centre of mass and overhaul calculations, be considered as a separate area off the right-of-way and its distance from the roadway will be measured to the centreline of the roadway.

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### 9.6.1 Description

This item consists of the transportation from the designated supply site(s) and the installation of Corrugated Steel Pipe (C.S.P.) Culverts in accordance with these Specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.

### 9.6.2 Materials

- .1 Culve. To couplers and hardware will be supplied by the Department at the designated supply site(s) listed in Division 1, Section 1. The materials will be palletized.
- .2 Materials used for bedding and the fill around culverts will be selected by the Engineer from items listed in the Unit Price Table.
- .3 Materials for water tight joints and insulation will be supplied by the Department to the project.

### 9.6.3 Construction

### .1 Handling of Culvert Material

- (a) The Contractor shall transport the culvert material in the existing pallets from the designated supply site(s) to the Contractors stockpile site(s). The pallets shall be maintained during shipment.
- (b) Prior to removing the culvert material from the designated supply site(s), the Contractor shall supply the Engineer with a certificate acknowledging receipt of the material and from then to completion of the project, the Contractor shall assume full responsibility for the materials and shall replace any lost or damaged items.

The culverts have been nested and palletized in a manner most economical for shipment. The pallets are of such size that they will not exceed the width, height and length requirements for highway transport.

to bruise or damage the spelter coating. It shall not be dragged on the ground or manipulated with heavy equipment without proper precaution to protect the surface. Any damage to the spelter coating shall be protected by the application of two (2) coats of weather resistant high zinc dust oxide paint meeting the requirements of the C.G.S.B. Specification No. 1-GP181. The areas damaged shall be thoroughly cleaned and rough edges ground smooth prior to the paint application.

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# 9.6.3 Construction (cont'd)

### .2 Excavation

- (a) The location and elevation of excavations for culverts will be staked by the Engineer.
- (b) During construction the Contractor may be required to provide a temporary channel diversion outside the limits of the culvert. The location of the channel diversion and the method of construction is subject to the Engineer's approval.
- (c) Excavation shall be carried out in accordance with Division 9, Section 2(a) or Section 2(b).

### .3 Bedding

The culvert bed shall be constructed to provide a uniform and firm foundation throughout its entire area. When a firm foundation is not encountered at the grade established for the culvert, the bottom of the bed shall be sub-excavated to the dimensions staked by the Engineer. The sub-excavated area shall be back-filled with material approved by the Engineer, and compacted as directed by the Engineer.

### .4 Installation

- (a) Corrugated Steel Pipe Culverts shall be placed with the inside circumferential laps pointing downstream. The longitudinal laps for annular corrugated culverts shall be located at the side or quarter points.
- (b) The sections of the culverts shall be firmly jointed with coupling bands.
- (c) If watertight joints are specified, the method used shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- (d) If insulation is specified, installation of insulation materials shall be as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- (e) The backfilling around the culvert will be in accordance with the Plans and shall conform with Division 9, Section 4. The material used will be subject to the approval of the Engineer who will also determine the amount of compactive effort required.
- (f) Vehicular traffic and construction equipment will not be allowed to cross over a culvert until the backfill has been constructed and compacted to a minimum depth two (2) feet

N.W.T. Roads Standard Specifications May, 1976		ugated Steel Pipe erts	Division 9 Section 6 Page 3 of 3
9.6.3 Construction (cont'd)		over the highest point of	
(conf. 4)	(g)	Strutting of culverts will out written approval from	ll not be allowed withmathers the Engineer.

### 9.6.4 Measurement

- .1 The quantity of CORRUCATED STEEL PIPE to be measured for payment, shall be the number of lineal feet of the various sizes of pipe specified in the Unit Price Table acceptably delivered and installed in accordance with these Specifications.

The measurement will be based on the nominal length of pipe sections.

- .2 Installation of watertib. t joints will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".
- .3 Installation of insulation will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".
- .4 Quantities of culvert excavation, backfill material and compaction will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate Unit Price Table Items.
- The replacement of any lost or damaged items as described in Article 9.6.3.1(b) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- The provision for a temporary channel diversion as described in Article 9.6.3.2(b) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

N.W.T. Roads Standard Specifications May, 1976		Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe Culverts	Division 9 Section 7 Page 1 of 5
9.7.1 Description		This item consists of the transport designated supply site(s) and the Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe in accordance with these Specific lines and grades shown on the Plate by the Engineer.	e installation of (C.S.P.P.) Culver ations and to the
9.7.2 Materials	.1	The curver plates, cut-off walls attachments, steam lines and all be supplied by the Department at supply site(s) listed in Division 1.	hardware will the designated
	2.	Materials used for bedding and the culverts will be selected by the of the Unit Price Table Items.	ne fill around the Engineer from one
	3.	Materials for water tight joints be supplied by the Department to	and insulation wi
9.7.3 Construction	.1	Handling of Culvert Material	
		(a) The Contractor shall transport terial in the existing bundl from the designated supply stractors stockpile site(s). pallets shall be maintained	es and/or pallets site(s) to the Cor The bundles and/
		(b) Prior to removing the culver the designated supply site(s shall supply the Engineer wi acknowledging receipt of the then to completion of the protractor shall assume full rethe materials and shall repl	s), the Contractor the a certificate material and from the Con-esponsibility for

damaged items.

The culvert material has been palletized in a manner most economical for shipment. The pallets are of such size that they will not exceed the width, height, and length requirements for highway transport.

c) The culvert material shall be handled so as not to bruise or damage the spelter coating. It shall not be dragged on the ground or manipulated with heavy equipment without proper precautions to protect the surface. Any damage to the spelter coating shall be restored by the application of two (2) coats of weather-resistant, high zinc dust oxide paint meeting the requirements of the C.G.S.B. Specification 1-GP181. The areas damaged shall be thoroughly cleaned and rough edges ground smooth prior to the paint application.

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Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe Culverts Division 9 Section 7 Page 2 of 5

# 9.7.3 Construction (cont'd)

### .2 Excavation

- (a) The location, lines and grades of the excavation required for the culvert installations will be as shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.
- (b) During the construction, the Contractor may be required to provide a temporary diversion channel outside the limits of the culvert. The location of the channel diversion and the method of construction is subject to the Engineers approval.
- (c) Excavation shall be carried out in accordance with Division 9, Section 2(a) or Section 2(b).

### .3 Foundation

The culvert bed shall provide a firm foundation throughout its entire area. The bed shall be sub-excavated to the dimensions staked by the Engineer and backfilled with approved material which shall be compacted as directed by the Engineer.

### .4 Assembly

- (a) Placing and assembly of the pipe may only proceed after the excavation, foundation and bedding for the pipe have been approved by the Engineer. The assembly shall be in accordance with the Shop Drawings. All holes shall be filled with bolts and shall be tightened to a torque of not less than one hundred and fifty (150) foot pounds and not more than two hundred (200) foot pounds.
- (b) The Contractor shall, when specified in Division 1, Section 1, arrange to have in the field a fully qualified representative of the culvert supplier during the period of installation to ensure that the culvert assembly, erection and general construction are in accordance with the Supplier's recommendations.

### .5 Backfilling

- (a) Assembly and tightening of all bolts shall be completed and approved by the Engineer before backfilling may commence. Backfill material will be designated by the Engineer.
- (b) Backfill material shall be placed in successive layers and compacted in accordance with the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. Equipment used for the backfilling operation up to

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9.7.3 Construction (cont'd)

three (3) feet above the top of the pipe shall run parallel and as close to the pipe as possible with simultaneous hand spreading and compaction by vibrators and/or mechanical tampers adjacent to the face of the pipe. The material under the haunches shall be hand placed and tamped as directed by the Engineer.

(c) During the course of backfilling around and above the pipe, the deflections within the pipe will be measured by the Engineer and the results will be made available to the Contractor on a routine basis.

If required, the Contractor shall assist the Engineer in placing the measuring devices. Lateral movement of the pipe shall be prevented by controlling the rate of filling on each side. The Contractor will be responsible for the proper placing of the bedding and backfill as evidenced by the deformation of the pipe from its original shape. No strutting of the pipe will be allowed without written approval from the Engineer.

Unless otherwise directed, the following criteria on deflection will be followed. Only vertical deflections that tend to increase the original vertical dimension will be allowed. Increase in vertical dimension will not be permitted to exceed three (3) percent of the original vertical diameter. Horizontal deflections will not be permitted to exceed a five (5) percent decrease of the original horizontal diameter.

- (d) If during the placement of backfill or embankment around and above the pipe the deformations should exceed the above limits, the work shall cease. The Engineer may then order the removal and replacement of the backfill in its entirety or in part and may require that the pipe be strutted either horizontally or vertically. The Contractor shall undertake the corrective work as designated by the Engineer.
- e) Vehicular traffic and construction equipment will not be allowed to cross over the structure until the backfill has been constructed and compacted to a minimum depth of three (3) feet over the highest point on the pipe, or to a height specified by the culvert supplier for the loadings anticipated.

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# 9.7.3 Construction (cont'd)

.6 Cut-Off Walls, Hold Down Attachments, Stiffeners, Steam Lines

Where specified, cut-off walls, hold down attachments and steam lines shall be installed with the culvert installations in accordance with the Plans. Except where otherwise specified, all required materials will be provided to the Contractor along with the culvert materials.

### .7 Dewatering

The foundation shall be kept free of water during the excavation and backfilling of the culvert bed and the assembly of the culvert.

During the backfilling of the culvert bed and around and above the culvert, water levels abutting the backfill shall be kept at least two (2) feet below the level of backfilling.

- .8 If watertight joints are specified, the method used shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- .9 If insulation is specified, installation of insulation materials shall be as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- .1 The quantity of CORRUGATED STRUCTURAL PLATE PIPE to be measured for payment shall be as a unit for the acceptable delivery and installation of Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe culvert(s) in accordance with these Specifications at each individual site shown on the Plans and referenced in the Unit Price Table.
- .2 The delivery and installation of cut-off walls, hold down attachments and steam lines where specified in the Plans shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .3 Quantities for culvert excavation, backfill materials and compaction will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate Unit Price Table Items.
- .4 Installation of watertight joints will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions"C".
- .5 Installation of insulation will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".

### 9.7.4 Measurement

# 9.7.4 Measurement (cont'd)

- .6 The replacement of any lost or damaged (tems as described in Article 9.7.3.1(b) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .7 The provision for a temporary channel diversion as described in Article 9.7.3.2(b) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .8 The provision to have in the field a representative of the culvert supplier as described in Article 9.7.3.4(b) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .9 Corrective work as described in Article 9.7.3.5(d) shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .10 Dewatering as described in Article 9.7.3.7 shall be considered incidental to the culvert installation operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

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### Traffic Gravel

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### 9.8.1 Description

This item consists of excavating, screening or otherwise removing oversize material from gravel and loading, hauling and placing the material on the road or in stockpile(s) in accordance with these Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

### 9.8.2 Materials

Trail Cravel will consist of either screened gravel or pit run gravel.

### .1 Screened Gravel - 3" Minus

The material shall consist of screened gravel of clean, hard particles, free from clay lumps, cementation and organic or constructed deleterious material and shall meet the following gradation requirement:

Sieve No.	Percent Passing (By Weight)
3"	100%
No. 4	30-70
No. 200	3-10

### .2 Pit Run Gravel

The material shall consist of pit run gravel of clean, hard particles free from clay lumps, cementation and organic or other deleterious material. All oversize material shall be removed at the source or at the road. Material exceeding three (3) inches in dimension is classified as oversize material.

### 9.8.3 Construction

- .1 Clearing of material source area(s), haul road(s) and stockpile site(s) shall be in accordance with Division 9, Section 1.
- .2 Excavation and disposal of material overlaying the gravel source and the construction of haul road(s) and/or stockpile site() shall be in accordance with Division 9, Section 2(a) or 2(b) and Section 4.
- .3 To minimize the amount of oversize material hauled to the road, the Contractor shall select and sort out the pit run gravel material at the source.
- .4 Before gravel can be placed either on the road or in stockpile(s), approval must be received from the Engineer.
  - (a) For placement of gravel on the road, the roadbed surface shall be smooth riding and free from potholes and ruts. Scarifying and

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## 9.8.3 Construction (cont'd)

blading shall be performed as directed by the Engineer.

- (b) Hauling equipment shall be directed over the full width of the traffic lanes to ensure uniform compaction of the roadway surface.
- (c) The gravel shall be dumped and spread uniformly on the roadbed surface at the rate specified by the Engineer.
- (d) When gravel is used to backfill sub-excavated areas, or for backfill material around culverts, the backfill operation shall be in accordance with Division 9, Section 4.
- (e) Stockpile site(s) shall be firm and level and clean of all deleterious material. The stockpile(s) shall be shaped as directed by the Engineer and constructed in layers not exceeding three (3) feet in depth over the entire stockpile area. Stockpiles shall be kept free of snow and ice during the stockpiling operation.

### 9.8.4 Measurement

- .1 The quantity of SCREENED GRAVEL to be measured for payment, shall be the number of tons of material acceptably placed on the road or in the designated stockpile(s) in accordance with these Specifications.
- .2 The quantity of PIT RUN GRAVEL to be measured for payment, shall be the number of tons of material acceptably placed on the road or in the designated stockpile(s) in accordance with these Specifications.
- .3 The quantity of GRAVEL HAUL to be measured for payment shall be the number of ton miles of gravel haul for traffic gravel acceptably placed in accordance with these Specifications.

The quantity will be computed by multiplying the weight of the material in tons, or fractions thereof, by the haul distance measured in miles, or fractions thereof, along the designated route between the point of loading and the designated delivery point.

- .4 Removal from the road surface and disposal of oversize pit run material shall be considered incidental to the traffic gravel operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .5 Clearing, excavation of overburden and construction of haul roads and/or stockpile sites will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate

9.8.4 Measurement (cont'd)

Unit Price Table Items.

.6 Preparation of the roadbed surface, maintenance of haulroads, and removal of snow and ice as specified in Article 9.8.3.4(e) shall be considered incidental to the traffic gravel operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

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This item consists of loading, transporting and distributing water required for the construction of highway embankment or the placing of road surfacing materials, all in accordance with these Specifications.

The water shall be free from undesirable quantities of organic matter and mineral salts.

9.10.3 Construction

- .1 Watering equipment shall consist of water-tight tank(s) mounted on adequately powered trucks. The water shall be applied through a spray bar or nozzle of such design as to provide a uniform unbroken sprea of water over a minimum width of eight (8) feet. A suitable device for positive shutoff of the spray bar shall be so located as to permit control from the cab of the truck.
- .2 The Engineer will determine the quantity of water to be applied and the rate of application.
- .3 Water used for dust control will not be measured for payment.

9.10.4 Measurement

.1 The quantity of WATER to be measured for payment, shall be the number of one thousand (1,000) gallon units of water acceptably distributed in accordance with these Specifications.

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		Page 1 of 5
9.11.1 Description	This item consists of a	upplying materials and con

structing a protective covering of sacked concrete or approved stone, with or without mortar, on an earth bed or granular filter blanket or filter fabric in accordance with these Specifications. Rip-Rap shall be constructed at the locations and in conformity with the lines and grades shown on the Praces or as designated by the Engineer.

### 9.11.2 Materials

The Contractor will supply all rip-rap materials except for filter fabrics, which will be supplied by the Department to the project. The materials supplied by the Contractor will be subject to approval by the Enginee.

### .1 Stone Rip-Rap:

Stone rip-rap materials shall be of approved quality and shall consist of sound, hard and dense stones, boulders or quarry rocks resistant to the action of air and water and free from seams, cracks or other structural defects.

- (a) Stone rip-rap materials generally designated for corrugated steel pipe culverts, ditch checks and ditch blocks shall meet the requirements of "Normal Stone Rip-Rap". Normal Stone Rip-Rap shall consist of stones, boulders or quarry rocks having dimensions of not less than six (6) inches in any one direction.
- (b) Stone rip-rap materials generally designated for corrugated structural plate pipe culverts, bridges, and channel bank protection shall consist of stones, boulders or quarry rocks meeting with the requirements for "Heavy Stone Rip-Rap" or "Armour Stone Rip-Rap."

### HEAVY STONE RIP-RAP

Weight of Stones (lbs)	Percentage
800 - 1,200	40 - 60
400 - 800	20 - 40
50 - 400	10 - 30
Under 50	0

### ARMOUR STONE RIP-RAP

Weight of Stones (1bs)	Percentage
1,200 - 2,000	60 - 70
400 - 1,200	20 - 30

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# 9.11.2 Materials (cont'd)

Weight of Stones (1bs)	Percentage
200 - 400 Under 200	10 - 20

- (c) Sand for mortar grout shall conform to the latest C.S.A. Specifications for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar A 82.56 unless otherwise instructed by the Engineer.
- (d) Cement for mortar grout shall be Portland Cement conforming to the latest C.S.A. Specification A5, Type 1.

### .2 Sacked Concrete Rip-Rap

- (a) The soil material shall consist of a sand and/ or gravel as designated or approved by the Engineer.
- (b) Sacks shall be manufactured from minimum ten (10) ounce burlap and shall be approximately twenty (20) inches by thirty-six (36) inches measured inside the seams when the sack is laid flat. The capacity of each sack shall be approximately one and one quarter (1.25) cubic feet.
- (c) The cement shall be Portland Cement conforming to the latest C.S.A. Specification A5, Type 1.

### .3 Filter Blanket

Filter blanket material shall consist of approved well graded granular material free from undesirable quantities of soft particles, organic or other deleterious material. The source shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

### .4 Filter Fabrics

Filter fabric materials will be supplied to the Contractor in rolls weighing approximately 150 pounds each.

### 9.11.3 Construction

### .1 Preparation of Foundation

(a) Aprons and slopes to be rip-rapped shall be excavated as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer to provide adequate foundation upon which the rip-rap shall rest. The foundation bed shall be fine graded to form a uniform

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Rip-Rap

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# 9.11.3 Construction (cont')

and even surface. Depressions shall be filled and thoroughly compacted.

- (b) Filter blankets shall be constructed at locations shown on the Plans or where directed by the Engineer, and to the lines and grades as staked by the Engineer.
- (c) Filter fabrics shall be placed at locations designated and in a manner directed by the Engineer. A thin lift of fine grained material will generally be placed over the filter fabric when used on other than hand placed rip-rap installation.

### .2 Placing of Rip-Rap

### (a) Hand Placed Rip-Rap:

The stones, boulders or quarry rocks shall be placed by hand to conform with the lines and dimensions designated by the Engineer. The stones shall be firmly bedded into the slopes and against adjoining stones, with smaller stones used to fill in the voids.

Hand placing will generally be designated for Normal Stone Rip-Rap.

### (b) Machine Placed Rip-Rap:

The stones, boulders or quarry rocks shall be sorted and placed so as to produce a uniform thickness of rip-rap conforming with the lines and grades shown on the Plans or designated by the Engineer. The equipment used for the machine placing operation shall have the capability of handling and positioning individual rip-rap particles.

Machine placing will generally be applicable to Heavy Stone Rip-Rap and Armour Stone Rip-Rap.

### (c) Random Rip-Rap:

The stones, boulders and quarry rocks shall be dumped onto the surface to be rip-rapped. Sufficient hand and/or machine work shall be performed to produce a uniform thickness of rip-rap conforming with the lines and dimensions designated by the Engineer.

Random placing may be designated for all types of stone rip-rap.

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# 9.11.3 Construction (cont'd)

### (d) Sacked Concrete Rip-Rap:

The Engineer will determine the mix design of the concrete. Each burlap sack shall be filled with approximately one (1) cubic foot of concrete and securely stapled or tied with wire ties. Within one half hour after mixing of the concrete the sacks shall be placed in their final position on the prepared base, kneaded, rammed and packed into conformance with the prepared base and adjacent sacks already in place. Additional courses of sacks shall be placed to obtain the required depth within the area as designated by the Engineer.

The pattern to which the sacks are laid shall be approved by the Engineer. All earth and other debris shall be removed from the surface of sacks in place before succeeding courses are placed.

Following placing, the sacked concrete riprap shall be kept moist for a period of twenty-four (24) hours by sprinkling or other means approved by the Engineer.

### (e) Grouted Stone Rip-Rap

Grouted stone rip-rap may be of the hand placed or machine placed type. The surface of the stones, boulders or quarry rocks shall be cleaned and thoroughly wetted before applying the mortar. The spaces between the stones, boulders or quarry rocks shall be filled with cement mortar grout with the outer faces of the stones, boulders or quarry rocks left exposed. The grout shall be composed of one (1) part cement to three (3) parts sand, and of such consistency that it can be placed with a mason's trowel. The thickness of the grout between the stones shall be a minimum of four (4) inches or one-third (1/3) of the average diameter of the stones, boulder or quarry rock thickness whichever is the greater.

Grouted rip-rap shall be cured using curing compounds or wetted burlap or a blanket of earth kept wet for seventy-two (72) hours, or by sprinkling with a fine spray every two (2) hours during the daytime for a period of three (3) days.

The grouting of the rip-rap can only take place when the air temperature is continuously above freezing.

### 9.11.4 Measurement

- .1 The quantity of RIP-RAP to be measured for payment shall be the number of cubic yards of each type of rip-rap identified in the Unit Price Table which has been acceptably placed in accordance with these Specifications. Measurement of rip-rap will be made in its final position.
- .2 Haul \* rip-rap materials shall be considered incidental to the rip-rap operation and will not be measured separately for payment.
- .3 The quantity of CEMENT to be measured for payment shall be the number of eighty (80) pound bags of cement acceptably incorporated into the construction of sacked concrete and/or grouted rip-rap in accordance with these Specifications.
- .4 The supply and delivery of filter blanket materials will be measured for payment under the appropriate Unit Price Table Items. Placement of the materials will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".
- .5 For the purpose of calculating quantities of haul for filter blanket materials, a conversion of one (1) cubic yard being equal to one and one-half (1.5) tons will be used.
- .6 Installation of Filter Fabrics will be measured for payment in accordance with Section 45 of the General Conditions "C".
- .7 All other work and materials required for the acceptable completion of the rip-rap installations including the preparation of the foundation shall be considered incidental to the rip-rap operation and will not be measured separately for payment.

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### 9.14.1 Description

This item consists of supplying and/or delivering, setting up, operating, maintaining and dismantling the Engineer's Camp and supplying of meals, linen and cleaning services in accordance with these Specifications.

### 9.14.2 Accommodation

The Engineer's Camp will be for the exlusive use of the  $\varepsilon$  ineer and his staff for the duration of the work.

- .1 The Engineer's Camp will generally consist of the following trailer units: one office trailer, sleeper trailers, one ablution trailer and one recreation trailer.
  - (a) The trailers specified in Article 9.14.2.1 above shall be placed into a self-contained unit joined by a minimum four (4) feet wide walkway having the same floor elevation as the trailers. The walkway shall be weather-proof, insulated and adequately heated. The layout shall be subject to the Engineer's approval.
  - (b) All the trailers specified in Article 9.14.2.1 above shall be adequately blocked and weather skirted for winter operation.
- .2 In addition to the trailer units specified in Article 9.14.2.1, the Engineer's Camp will consist of:
  - (a) One (1), only, unheated but weathertight storage shed, a minimum of eight (8) feet by twelve (12) feet and equipped with one locking door and one interior light. The storage shed shall be placed near the Engineer's camp and will be for the Engineer's exclusive use.
  - (b) Five (5) parking places for vehicles complete with five (5) exterior electrical outlets shall be provided near the office trailer for the exclusive use of the Engineer and his staff.
- .3 The Engineer's Camp shall be set up and ready for occupancy at the same time as the Contractor's camp.
- .4 The Contractor shall be responsible for the operation, repair and maintenance of the trailers, buildings and facilities in the Engineer's Camp.
- .5 The Contractor shall dismantle, move and re-establish the Engineer's Camp whenever he moves his own camp.

# 9.14.2 Accommodation (cont'd)

- .6 The Contractor shall dismantle the Engineer's camp upon completion of the work and shall restore the camp area(s) to a condition satisfactory to the Engineer.
- .1 The Contractor shall provide all equipment, supplies and labour required to provide the Engineer's staff meals and services of the same quantity and quality as provided for the Contractor's staff.
- .2 The Contractor shall clean trailers daily and change the linen weekly or whenever a change in personnel occurs. "Linen" shall consist of three (3) blankets, two (2) sheets, one (1) pillow, one (1) pillow cover and two (2) towels for each occupant.
- .3 A water and sewer system shall be provided by the Contractor for the Engineer's Camp or the Contractor shall connect the Engineer's ablution trailer to his own system. The Contractor must include the Engineer's trailer units in his application under the Northern Inland Waters Act.
- .4 A steady and dependable source of electric power shall be supplied by the Contractor. The Contractor shall connect all trailers, buildings and exterior outlets to this source.
- .5 The Contractor shall supply all the fuel requirements for the camp and shall see that each heating unit is kept supplied with fuel and is in good operating condition.

# .1 The quantity of the ENGINEER'S CAMP to be measured for payment shall be as a Unit for the acceptable accommodation in accordance with these Specifications.

.2 The quantity of ENGINEER'S BOARD to be measured for payment shall be the number of mandays and fractions thereof that the Engineer's staff is acceptably provided with meals and other related services in accordance with these Specifications.

All part days shall be calculated to the nearest one-third (1/3) based on the number of meals taken by each member of the Engineer's staff.

### 9.14.3 Measurement

N.W.T. Roads Standard Specifications 1978-09	Highway Signing, Delineators and Culvert Markers	Division 9 Section 16 Page 1 of 2
9.16.1 Description	This item consists of install signs, delineators and culver as designated by the Engineer accordance with Plans and Spe	t markers and in
9.16.2 Materials	All required materials and habe supplied by the Department designated supply site(s) listing of the property o	at a
9.16.3 Construction .1	The highway signs shall be mo single or double steel posts. sign installation may include one sign plate on each post of posts. The posts shall be employed the ground a minimum of threadriving in a manner considered able by the Engineer to avoid the posts. Signs shall be at the posts using the bolts pro-	A single more than or pair of bedded into ee feet by daccept-language to tached to
.2	Delineators will consist of roll-proof guideposts or stee with reflectors mounted. The delineator will be specified 1, Section 1.	l posts type of
,	The roll-proof guideposts shaplaced in augered holes 6 inches meter and 16 inches deep. They properly aligned and backfill directed by the Engineer.	es in dia- shall be
	The steel posts may be instal driving the posts with a hamm viding no damage is done to t	er pro-

. 3

.1

9.16.4 Measurement

The highway culvert markers will consist

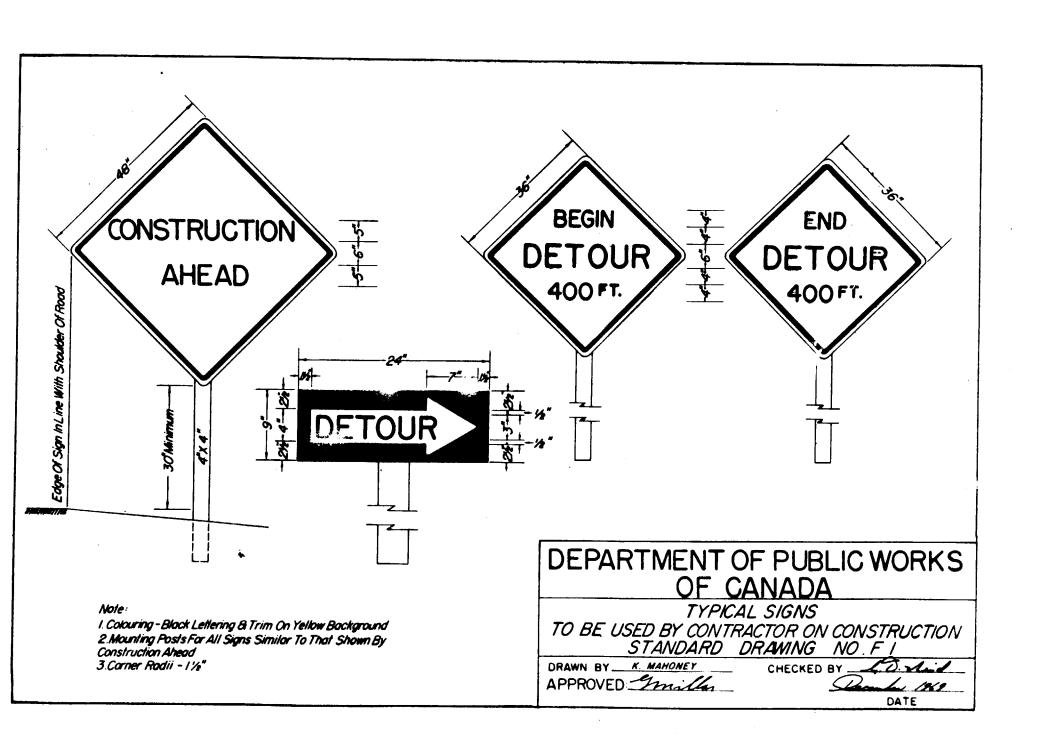
The quantity of signs that will be measured for payment shall be the number of each type of installation acceptably

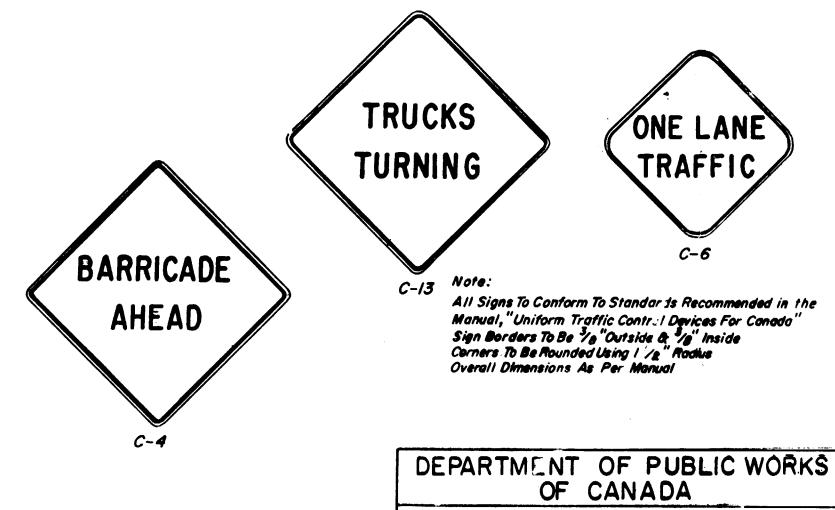
installed as directed by the Engineer in accordance with these Specifications.

of 5.5 feet synthetic or timber posts. The posts shall be embedded 16 inches into the ground. Driving the posts into the ground will be acceptable providing no

damage is made to the posts.

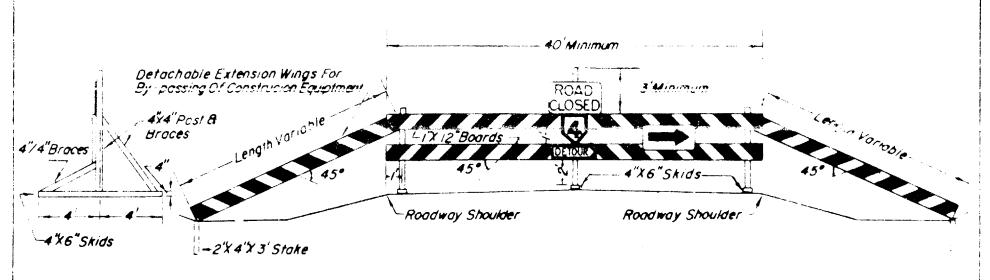
N.W.T. Standar 1978-09	d Specifications		Highway Signing, Delineators and Culvert Markers	Division 9 Section 16 Page 2 of 2
9.16.4	Measurement (cont'd)	. 2	The quantity of delineators to be measured for payment shall number of installations accepting the description accordance with these Special stalls are special stalls.	payment shall be the lations acceptably ected by the Engineer
		.3	The quantity of culvert marke will be measured for payment the number of installations a installed as directed by the in accordance with these Spec	shall be cceptably Engineer





TYPICAL SIGNS HIGHWAY-CONSTRUCTION STANDARD DRAWING NO. FI-

APPROVED: Zon



### Notes:

1. The Various Types & Combinations Of Approved Signs
For Barricades Required For Each Project Will Be Governed
By Field Conditions & Subject To Approval By The Engineer
2. All Barricades To Be I" X 12" Lumber Painted & Alternate
Black & Yellow Strips
3. All Skids, Braces & Posts To Be Painted White & Nailed
Together With No. 20d Nails
4. Bases To Be Weighted Where Necessary To Provide
Stability

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF CANADA TYPICAL BARRICADE TO BE USED BY CONTRACTOR ON CONSTRUCTION STANDARD DRAWING NO. F3 DRAWN BY E MAHONET CHECKED BY 23 APPROVED FINALLY.

### OPERATING CONDITIONS - PART I

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The Operator	DEPARTMENT	OF.	PUBLIC	WORKS	_	CANADA	snall	conduct	Line	
CONSTRUCTION			LIAR	D HIGH	ΝA	<u>Y</u>				

Land Use Operation authorized by this Land Use Permit in accordance with the following operating conditions:

### GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. THE OPERATOR SHALL ADHERE TO ALL APPLICABLE CONDITIONS STATED IN PART I (GENERAL) OF THE TERRITORIAL LAND USE REGULATIONS.
- 2. THE OPERATOR'S FIELD SUPERVISOR SHALL CONTACT THE DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE NORTHWEST LANDS AND FOREST SERVICE PHONE NUMBER FORTY EIGHT HOURS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THIS LAND USE OPERATION.
- 3. THE OPERATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERTAKING FOREST FIRE PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION MEASURES, AS DIRECTED BY THE NORTHWEST LANDS AND FOREST SERVICE.
- 4. PRIOR APPROVAL SHALL BE OBTAINED THROUGH THE LAND USE INSPECTOR FOR PROPOSED CHANGES IN THE APPROVED PLAN OF OPERATIONS, CAMP LOCATIONS AND OTHER ASSOCIATED FACILITIES.
- 5. THE LAND USE PERMIT AND ANNEXED OPERATING CONDITIONS SHALL BE POSTED AT THE SITE OF OPERATIONS AND ALL PERSONNEL MADE FAMILIAR WITH THE CONTENTS AND INTENT.
- 6. INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROLS AND CLEANUP OF WASTE WILL BE CONTINUOUS AND KEEP PACE WITH PROJECT ACTIVITY.
- 7. NOTWITHSTANDING THE TERMINATION OF THE PERMIT, THE OBLIGATION OF THE OPERATOR WITH RESPECT TO CLEANUP AND RESTORATION DOES NOT CFASE UNTIL HE IS IN POSSESSION OF A LETTER OF CLEARANCE FROM THE HEAD, LAND USE SECTION, DIAND, YELLOWKNIFE, N.W.T.

### FIL STORACE

- 8. PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF FUFL STORAGE FACILITIES EXCEEDING 5,000 GALLONS THE OPERATOR WILL REQUIRE WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE HEAD, LAND USE SECTION, DIAND, YELLOWKNIFE, N.W.T.
- 9. FOR FUEL STORAGE FACILITIES OF 5,000 GALLONS OR LESS THE OPERATOR SHALL LOCATE AND PLACE FUEL STORAGE CONTAINERS SO THAT ANY SPILLED OR LEAKED FUEL WILL BE TOTALLY CONTAINED.
- 10. FUEL OUTLETS EXCEPTING THE OUTLET CURRENTLY IN USE SHALL BE SEALED TO PREVENT LEAKAGE.
- 11. THE LAND USE INSPECTOR WILL BE INFORMED OF THE LOCATION OF ALL FUEL CACHES.
- 12. ALL STATIONARY FUEL STORAGE FACILITIES SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED WITH FLAGS OR POSTS SO THEY ARE PLAINLY VISIBLE, REGARDLESS OF SNOW COVER, WEATHER OR DAYLIGHT CONDITIONS.

### WILDLIFE

- 13. THE OPERATOR SHALL NOT USE MACHINERY OR OTHERWISE CONDUCT THE OPERATION SO AS TO HARASS OR UNNECESSARILY DISTURB WILDLIFE OR DAMAGE WILDLIFE HABITAT.
- 14. THE OPERATOR SHALL COOPERATE AT ALL TIMES WITH GAME OFFICIALS TO PROTECT WILDLIFE AND WILDLIFE HABITAT.
- 15. (A) ALL FIREARMS SHALL BE UNDER THE CONTROL OF SUPERVISORS AND BE USED ONLY FOR PROTECTION.
  - (B) THE PRESENCE OF A WILD ANIMAL THAT MAY CREATE A HAZARD IS TO BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO THE NEAREST GAME MANAGEMENT OFFICER OR R.C.M.P. DETACHMENT.
  - (C) THE FEEDING OF WILDLIFE IS PROHIBITED.
- 16. FOOD AND CAMP KITCHEN WASTE WILL BE HANDLED IN A MANNER TO AVOID ATTRACTING WILDLIFE.
- 17. HUNTING IS PROHIBITED FOR PERSONS EMPLOYED BY THE OPERATOR OR CONTRACTOR AND RESIDENT IN A PERMITTEE OR CONTRACTOR OPERATED CAMP (I.E. CAMPS WILL NOT BE USED AS A BASE FOR HUNTING).

### VEHICLE TRAVEL

18. WINTER COMMENCEMENT AND SPRING SHUTDOWN DATES FOR OVERLAND VEHICLE MOVE-MENT WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE HEAD, LAND USE SECTION, BASED ON LOCAL TERRAIN CONDITIONS.

- 19. WINTER ACCESS ROADS SHALL BE OF PACKED SNOW CONSTRUCTION.
- 20. IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE SURFACE DISTURBANCE, BULLDOZER BLADES WHEN USED OUTSIDE THE AREA OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL BE ELEVATED A MINIMUM OF SIX INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND BY MUSHROOM-TYPE SHOES OR A SIMILAR DEVICE. REMOVAL MAY BE AUTHORIZED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES.
- 21. THE OPERATOR SHALL PRESCOUT PROPOSED ROUTES AND LINES AND SHALL INDICATE WITH GROUND MARKERS THE MOST FAVORABLE LOCATIONS FOR CROSSING STREAMS OR AVOIDING TERRAIN OBSTACLES PRIOR TO MOVEMENT OF CRAWLER TRACTORS OR OTHER HEAVY VEHICLES.
- 22. SHOULD EXCESSIVE TERRAIN DAMAGE RESULT FROM VEHICLES, THEIR USE WILL BE LIMITED OR STOPPED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.

### ARCHAEOLOGICAL

- 23. (A) ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDS MUST BE MADE KNOWN TO THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
  - (B) IDENTIFIED ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES MUST BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE OR INTERFERENCE.

### ROW CLEARANCE AND CONSTRUCTION - PART II

### CAMPSITES AND STAGING AREAS

- 24. IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE SURFACE DISTURBANCE OR SOIL SUBSIDENCE THE OPERATOR SHALL PREPARE THE GROUND SURFACE BENEATH ALL FACILITIES AND STRUCTURES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS LAND USE OPERATION.
- 25. PORTABLE RAMPS WILL BE USED FOR BARGE LOADING AND UNLOADING: PUSH-OUTS WILL NOT BE USED UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 26. AN AREA CLEARLY SIGNED SALVAGE SHALL BE MARKED OUT, AND USED FOR THE STORAGE OF ALL SURPLUS STORES AND EQUIPMENT AND SALVAGEABLE MATERIAL.
- 27. THE DISPOSAL OF NONSALVAGEABLE EQUIPMENT AND PARTS SHALL BE BY COMPACTION AND BURIAL AT A SITE APPROVED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 28. KITCHENS AND WASH CARS SHOULD INCORPORATE WATER SAVING AND WASTE SEPARATION FEATURES.
- 29. ALL COMBUSTIBLE GARBAGE AND DEBRIS SHALL BE INCINERATED IN A FUEL-FIRED, FORCED-AIR INCINERATOR AT LEAST DAILY, AND THE RESIDUE AND ALL OTHER NONCOMBUSTIBLE GARBAGE AND DEBRIS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER ACCEPTABLE TO THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 30. ALL WASTE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF DAILY BY INCINERATION.
- 31. THE TAKING OF WATER AND DISPOSAL OF WATERBORNE WASTE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NORTHERN INLAND WATERS ACT.

### TIMBER CLEARING AND DISPOSAL

- 32. DISPOSAL OF TIMBER AND BRUSH FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND ASSOCIATED FACILITIES WILL BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:
  - (A) CLEARING AND PLACING TIMBER AND BRUSH WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR INCORPORATION INTO THE GRADE.
  - (B) REMOVAL TO A BORROW SITE OR SIMILAR SUITABLE LOCATION FOR BURNING AND/OR BURIAL.
  - (C) BURNING SMALL PILES.
- 33. WHEN CLUARING AND BRUSHING WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY IS DONE BY HAND CREWS, STUMPS WILL BE CUT AS CLOSE TO THE CROUND AS POSSIBLE. BRUSH LESS THAN 2 FEET HIGH MAY BE LEFT STANDING.

- 34. PROCEDURES FOR ADVANCED CLEARING STREAM BANKS OR STEEP SLOPES REQUIRE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 35. ON AREAS ADJACENT TO BORROW PITS AND DESIGNATED AS SPOIL AREAS, TIMBER AND BRUSH MATERIALS WILL BE WALKED DOWN PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOIL MATERIALS.
- 36. LEANERS AND DEBRIS SHALL NOT BE LEFT IN STANDING TIMBER.

### GRUBBING (OR STRIPPING)

- 37. AREAS TO BE GRUBBED SHALL BE DEFINED BY THE OPERATOR TO THE LAND USE INSPECTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT.
- 38. GRUBBING SHALL BE CONFINED TO MINIMUM AREAS FOR PURPOSES OF CUTS, DITCHING AND BORROW PITS.
- 39. MOVEMENT OF GRUBBING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CONFINED TO AREAS TO BE GRUBBED AND RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 40. DISPOSAL OF GRUBBED MATERIAL WILL BE BY BURNING OR BURIAL.

### ACCESS ROADS

- 41. ACCESS ROUTES REQUIRE PRIOR APPROVAL BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 42. ACCESS TO BORROW PITS SHALL BE LIMITED TO:
  - (A) A SINGLE ROUTE OF A MINIMUM WIDTH NECESSARY FOR TWO-WAY PASSAGE OF VEHICLES: OR
  - (B) TWO ROUTES OF A MINIMUM WIDTH NECESSARY FOR ONE-WAY PASSAGE OF VEHICLES.
- 43. DOGLEG APPROACHES ARE REQUIRED ON ALL BORROW PIT ACCESS ROADS.
- 44. TOTAL DISPOSAL OF TIMBER ON ACCESS ROADS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT TO THE LIMIT OF VISIBILITY FROM THE FINISHED ROADWAY.

### BORROW PITS AND WASTE PILES

- 45. ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND RESTORATION PROPOSALS FOR BORROW PITS, CUTS AND WASTING AREAS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CLEARING.
- 46. IN TIMBERED AREAS A RESIDUAL TIMBER STAND OF 300 FEET SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE HIGHWAY AND BORROW OR WASTE AREAS, UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 47. STRIPPED MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED IN SUCH A MANNER AND PLACED IN SUCH A LOCATION AT THE EDGE OF THE BORROW AREA AS TO FACILITATE RESTORATION ON COMPLETION OF THE OPERATION.

- 48. BACKSLOPES IN BORROW AREAS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT A SLOPE OF TWO HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL FOR COMMON EXCAVATION, OR OTHERWISE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 49. WASTE PILES WILL HAVE A LOW PROFILE FOR STABILITY.
- 50. LEVELLING AND SHAPING OF WASTE PILES WILL BE PROGRESSIVE WITH OPERATIONS.

### DRAINAGE AND STREAM CROSSINGS

- THE OPERATOR SHALL MAKE TEMPORARY CROSSINGS OF STREAMS IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO AVOID EXCAVATING OR OTHERWISE UNDULY DISTURBING APPROACHES, SHORES, BANKS AND STREAMBEDS AND, NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING, NO EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE LAND USE INSPECTOR. NO DEBRIS WILL BE DEPOSITED IN ANY STREAM DURING THE OPERATIONS.
- 52. APPROVAL FOR ALL PERMANENT CROSSINGS MUST BE AUTHORIZED UNDER THE NORTHERN INLAND WATERS ACT.
- 53. THE PLACEMENT OF CULVERTS WILL BE PROGRESSIVE WITH GRADE CONSTRUCTION IN ORDER TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTION TO NORMAL DRAINAGE.
- 54. DRAINAGE WILL BE PROVIDED FOR WHEN ESTABLISHING ACCESS ROADS.
- 55. EXCAVATED MATERIAL NOT SUITABLE FOR PROJECT USE MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A LOCATION AND MANNER SATISFACTORY TO THE LAND USE INSPECTOR.
- 56. ANY OBSTRUCTION TO NATURAL DRAINAGE OCCURRING DURING THE LAND USE OPERATION SHALL BE REMOVED AND CONDITIONS RESTORED TO THE ORIGINAL STATE AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.

Public Works Canada		
Western Region		Instructions to Bidders Page 1 of 2
1 Identification of Tender	.1	
		TENDER FOR:
		CLEARING, GRADING AND DRAINAGE MILE 63.8 TO MILE 67.1 LIARD HIGHWAY, N.W.T.
		and are to be addressed:
		REGIONAL MANAGER, FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF CANADA P.O. BOX 488, ROOM 200, 9925 - 109 STREET EDMONTON, Alberta
	2	The name and address of the sender and the date due, must be shown on the envelope.
Pelivery of Tender	.1	Tenders must be received by the REGIONAL MANAGER, FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION on or before the exact time and date fixed for their reception. Care should, therefore, be taken to mail or deliver same in proper time as tenders received after that time will not be considered.
	.2	Telegraphic tenders will not be accepted but the tenderer may revise his tender by telegram, provided it is received on or before the exact time and date fixed for reception of tenders.
	.3	Amendments by TELEX are <u>not</u> permitted and will not be considered.
3 Tender Form	.1	Tenders must be on the form provided by the Department. No substitute form of tender will be considered.
4 Signature of Tender Form	١.	Tenders must be properly signed in full compliance with the requirements indicated herein:
	.2	The signature of persons tendering must be in their respective handwriting.
	.3	The tenderer, or the person or persons duly authorized to sign on his behalf must initial and date each and every correction, change, erasure or alteration contained in this completed tender document.

Public Works Canada		Instructions to Bidders Page 2 of 2
Western Region  4 Signature of Tender Form (Continued)	•	LIMITED COMPANY: If this tender is made by a limited company, the full name of the company should be accurately PRINTED in the space provided for that purpose (signature of tenderer) and its corporate seal, if any, affixed.
	.5	PARTNERSHIP: If this tender is made by a part- nership, the firm name or the business name should be accurately PRINTED in the space provided (signature of tenderer) and the name or names of the partners should be PRINTED immediately under the signature.
	.6	SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP: If this tender is made by an individual carrying on business under a name other than his own, his business name together with the name of the sole proprietor should be PRINTED in the space provided (signature of tenderer). In the event that the sole proprietor carries on business in his own name, he should merely PRINT his name where indicated.
5 Bid Depository	.1	If the tender advertisement for this project states that a Bid Depository is to be used, subcontractors for the trades named in the advertisement shall bid through the designated Bid Depository in accordance with the "Standard Canadian Bid Depository Principles and Procedures for Federal Government Projects", Second Edition April 1, 1970.
6 Alternative Materials	.1	Wherever materials are specified by trade names or by manufacturers' names, the tender must be based on the use of such materials. During tenderiod, alternative materials will be considered if full descriptive data is submitted in writing at least 16 days before the tender closing date. Approval of submission will be signified by the issuance of an Addendum to the tender documents.

7 Tender Acceptance

NOTE: These "Instructions" do not form part of the formal tender and need not be submitted with the tender.

.1 The Department will not necessarily accept the lowest or any of the offers.

### TENDER DOCUMENTS

CLEARING, GRADING AND DRAINAGE MILE 63.8 TO MILE 66.98 LIARD HIGHWAY, N.W.T.