

MEMORANDUM

NOTE DE SERVICE

Mr. W. R. BINKS Program Manager (Civil) Public Works Canada OTTAWA, Ontario

Mr. F. E. KIMBALL Manager Highways Program EDMONTON, Alberta

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TOTAL PLES - V. HERCENLINGE	
March 1, 1976	

SUBJECT

FINAL DESIGN SUBMISSION - MACKENZIE HIGHWAY MILE 783.9 TO 817.5 MARCH, 1976

In accordance with the direction by the Director of Engineering and Architecture Branch, D.I.A.N.D., one set of design plans for contract purposes are enclosed. Thirteen copies of the narrative portion have been forwarded under separate cover.

One set of sepia mylar copies of the design plans for the above-mentioned submission have been forwarded to G. D. Reid for printing and distribution. One set of sepias and five copies of the narrative portion have been forwarded to Mr. C. Amos of D.I.A.N.D. in Yellow-knife.

Copies of the plans and narrative have been sent to F. Janz, D.I.A.N.D., D.O.E. in Edmonton and Winnipeg and E.M.R. in Calgary.

The special E.W.G. package has not been produced. Because of budget restrictions, D.I.A.N.D. instructed that the special package be deferred for Mile 725 to 936.

F. E. KIMBALL

Manager

Highways Program

Attach.

.GSB STATICAR(INDICATE A

FINAL DESIGN SUBMISSION

MACKENZIE HIGHWAY

MILE 783.9 TO 817.5

MARCH, 1976

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INTRODUCTION

The Final Design Submission Mile 784 - 817.5 February, 1975, is a second submission for this section of the proposed MacKenzie Highway.

The major change from the Preliminary Design Submissions which covered this section is a revision to the alignment in the Kame Lake area - Mile 795.5 - 800.5. Other changes involve several minor revisions to the vertical and horizontal alignments, and the inclusion of detailed culvert design drawings.

Client direction resulting from the two Preliminary Design Submissions has not been received. The E.W.G. comments, however, have been received and have been considered in preparation of this submission although detailed responses to individual comments are not included.

The reader should note that this report forms only part of a total design submission, the major portion of which is contained in separate plan form.

CHAPTER 1

DESIGN COMMENTS

1. ALIGNMENT

(a) Horizontal

Alignment revisions have been incorporated in the following areas:

784.9 - 785.8

787.1 - 788.2

795.5 - 800.5

802.5 - 805

810.5 - 815.5

Details and rationale for these revisions, with the exception of the 795.5 - 800.5 revision, are included in the Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T., Mile 732.2(N) - Mile 936 Alignment Update Report of January, 1975.

Details and rationale for the Kame Lake revision - Mile 795.5 - 800.5 - are included in Chapter 2 of this report.

(b) Vertical

The vertical alignment has been refined to reduce borrow requirements where possible. Fifty (50) m.p.h. design speed sag curves have been used where this has resulted in significant reductions in fill heights. The sixty (60) m.p.h. design speed has been retained for crests.

2. DRAINAGE

Site specific culvert designs have been provided for all proposed culverts 72" diameter and larger. For single pipe installation this corresponds to drainage areas greater than 0.7 square miles.

Drainage areas and design flood and fish migration discharges have been taken, in general, from the FENCO "Report Bridge and Culvert Hydraulic, Fort Good Hope to Dempster Highway, March, 1974." A study of 1" = 3,000' aerial photography by D.P.W. staff showed, however, that some of the FENCO drainage areas were incorrect - some being too small and some incorporating two or more smaller separate basins: where large discrepancies were noted the drainage areas were recalculated and the design discharges determined from Figure 15 of the above noted FENCO report.

Drainage areas and design discharges used for design are summarized in Appendix "A" - Hydrology Summary.

Other required information including inlet and outlet velocities at design discharge and where applicable at fish migration discharge as shown in the respective drawings.

3. SOILS

Only a minimum number of cuts are planned through ice-rich fine grained soils. In such cuts a minimum of six (6) feet of imported material will be provided under the roadway. Backslopes will be blanketed with the same material to a minimum thickness of three (3) feet if required. All ice-rich material excavated

from cuts will be wasted within the right-of-way. Separate waste areas will not be required because of the small volume of waste expected.

All applicable geotechnical information collected along and near the centreline and within the proposed borrow areas has been shown on the plans. Where information is lacking, such as at Shae Creek, Mile 795.5, additional investigations are proposed prior to construction.

4. BORROW

Approximate borrow pit outlines and access roads are shown on the Environmental Data Sheets and borehole logs are shown on the l'' = 1,000' mosaics.

Alternate areas, outlined in the D.P.W. report "Geotechnical Investigation Mile 725 to Mile 936 Mackenzie Highway" may be investigated prior to construction.

Borrow requirements and approximate pit sizes are shown below. Quantities shown include allowances for stripping.

Mile	Quantity	Depth	Cleared Area (Acres)
817.5	465,000	55	9.6
808	400,000	58	8.2
801.5	255,000	50	6.8
794	250,000	45	8.2
791	318,000	45	9.6
784	150,000	depth and si	ze indeterminate as thi

depth and size indeterminate as this pit will also be used for construction south of Mile 783.9.

CHAPTER 2

KAME LAKE AREA MILE 795 - MILE 800.5

In this design package, two alignments for the highway in the vicinity of Kame Lake are shown on the 1" = 1,000' mosaics and plan-profile sheets, landscape architectural sheets and environmental impact sheets are included in the plan package of this submission. The two alignments indicated are the original alignment with minor modifications lying to the west of Kame Lake, as indicated in the Alignment Update Report, Section D, October, 1973, and revision area D5 lying to the east of Kame Lake, as indicated in the Alignment Update Report M732-2 (N) to M936, January 1975. In both the Preliminary Submission Detail Design Data, M802 - M735, August, 1974, and the Alignment Update Report, January 1975, the design team indicated that ".... the advantages (i.e. environmental advantages) appear to outweigh the disadvantages and as a result the revised alignment D5 (the eastern side of Kame Lake) has been recommended in the preliminary design.", However, a further examination of available information has caused the design team to re-appraise its previous position. The two major areas of concern (environmental and economic) that led the design team to a preference for the original line lying west of Kame Lame are outlined below.

Environmental Concerns:

As indicated in the Preliminary Submission-Detail Design Data, M802-M735, August, 1974, and the Alignment Update Report M732.2N to 936, January 1975, the major environmental concerns of the alignment

west of Kame Lake involve the potential impact on bear den sites, possible archaeological sites and beaver in the area south of the alignment. Information received since these reports were submitted has not clearly indicated any lessening or increasing of the potential for some impact in the areas noted.

Along the alternate line (revision D5) lying east of Kame Lake, the major environmental concern centres on the probable instability of the escarpment lying immediately to the east of the proposed alignment. This entire area has been subjected to several serious fires and in several instances the escarpment bears large recent slump scars related to the melting of ice-rich sediments, triggered by the removal of the vegetative cover during the fires. There is a distinct probability of further slumping and mudflows in proximity to the alignment on the east side of Kame Lake and such occurrences would spell disaster for both the highway and the entire Kame Lake area.

In light of the probability of further slumping along this alignment, the design team believes that the alignment west of Kame Lake would have a generally lesser environmental impact.

Construction Economics:

When comparing construction costs for the two alignments under consideration, the design team found that the line lying west of Kame Lake required approximately 45% less borrow material, and fewer small culverts resulting in a 26% cost saving, over the line lying east of Kame Lake. In addition the westerly alignment offers a fifteen fold increase in the amount of usable right-of-way excavation materials (as indicated in the Geotechnical Investigation, M725 to

Mile 936, Mackenzie Highway, February 1975) resulting in a 34% saving on overhaul costs. Overall the westerly alignment would cost approximately 23% less to build than the line to the east of Kame Lake.

Summary:

The original line lying to the west of Kame Lake offers a definite economic advantage and a highly probable environmental advantage over the alternate line. For these reasons the design team believes that the original line is the better route for the highway to follow.

APPENDIX 'A'

Hydrology Summary

		·	FENCO			DESIGN DATA			
OMMENTS	COMM	Q _F	Q _n	AREA	MILE	Q _E *	Q _D *	AREA	MILE
ıs 30" pipes used.	3-48" plus 3		230	1.6	816.6		230	1.6	316.5
nped 2 smaller separate ≈ 120 and 240 acres - $^\circ$. and 60" C.S.P.P. used	areas of ≈ 1		130	0.7	816.1				
			370	3.1	815.9		380	3.3	315.9
1.P.'s used.	3-48" C.M.P.		185	1.2	815.3		185	1.2	315.1
C.M.P.'s used.	Twin 48" C.M		140	0.8	814.6		140	0.8	314.9
48" CMP's used - indist	Multiple 48" channel.		160	1.0	814.1				314.0
gnment shift. 3×48 " used.	Note alignme CMP's + 36"		225	1.5	813.2		225	1.5	313.0
gnment shift - multiple s used.	Note alignme 48" CMP's us		130	0.7	812.7		100	6.5	312.8
ct channel multiple CMF	No distinct used.		255	1.8	812.0		210	1.4	312.1
distinct channel multipled.	Broad indist		210	1.4	811.5		210 -	1.4	311.5
incorporated			130	6.7	810.7				
te areas of 0.4 to 0.6 altiple CMP installation			160	1.0	810.0				
•			385	3.4	809.5		385	3.4	09.5
aped together 3 smaller multiple CMP's used.			150	0.9	808.5				
48" CMP's used.	Multiple 48"		150	.9	807.9		150	.9	807.9
		182	730	14.4	806.5	182	730	14.4	06.5
			600	9.1	806.1		600	9.1	05.9
luded independent area of 804. Multiple small multiple CMP's used.	to south of		350	2.9	804.5		260	1.9	04.5

^{*} Q_D = 50 yr. Design Discharge; Q_F = Fish Migration Discharge

	ENCO		FENC		DESIGN DATA			
COMMENTS	Q _E	Q _n	AREA	MILE	Q _E *	Q _n *	AREA	MILE
Overland flow - multiple small		140	.8	803.5		170	1.1	803.5
umerous small channels multip		140	0.8	802.6				
MP's used.		170	1.1	801.9				
	650	1260	61	801.5	650	1260	61	801.5
Error in drainage basin outlin		350	2.9	800.6		370	3.3	800.6
		319	510	796.8		319	5.0	796.8
	740	1260	61.0	795.5	740	1260	61	795.5
2-48" + 36" used.		150	0.9	793.6		140	0.8	793.6
Senco lumped 2 separate areas 50" plus 36" used.		285	2.2	792.7		150	0.9	792.8
.ake overflow - 2-48" CMP's us						190	1.1	792.0
Multiple CMP's used.		90	0.5	791.1				
Multiple CMP's used.		80	0.4	790.8				
Multiple CMP's used		80	0.4	790.7				
Multiple CMP's used.		220	1.6	790.2				
include several smaller indepe ereas - multiple CMP's used.		310	2.4	790.9				
Fenco included part of smaller to north - Twin 48" and 30" pinsed.		185	1.2	789.5		140	0.8	789.5
included by Fenco in 788.5						250	1.8	789.3
		370	3.0	788.5		180	1.2	788.5
	590	1250	46	786.7	590	1250	46	786.5
	1	160	1.0	785.5		140	0.8	785.7

^{*} Q_D = 50 yr. Design Discharge; Q_F = Fish Migration Discharge

APPENDIX 'B'
Draft Specifications

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft		General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 1 of 17
1.1.1 Description		The description of the contr when the client's programmin of the proposed highway has	g for this section
1.1.2 Location	.1	The location of the contract inserted when the client's p determined.	
	.2	Inuvik, N.W.T. is adjacent t Mile 971 of the Mackenzie Hi	
	.3	Fort Good Hope, N.W.T. is ad imately Mile 721 of the Mack	
1.1.3 Project Access and Services	.1	The Contractor is referred to specifications dealing with dule Division 1, Section 2, any timing restrictions that to the various methods of ac	the construction sch for information on might be applicable
	.2	Inuvik, N.W.T. has a barge l paved airstrip. It is not a road from southern Canada.	
	.3	Fort Good Hope, N.W.T. has a airstrip. It is not accessi from southern Canada.	
	.4	The nearest barge landing to at the mouth of Joe Creek, a to Mile 821.3 of the Mackenz cess road will be constructe from the Mackenzie River to way. Full details will be i tract package.	pproximately adjacer ie Highway. An ac- d along the creek the highway right-of
	.5	The Contractor will be permi maximum of two airstrips on Highway. The roadway may be top width of 50 feet for a 1 2000' to handle light aircra will be subject to the appromeasurement for a payment for be in accordance with the ap Table items. Maintenance with Contractor at no cost to	a section of the widened to a maximulength of approximate ft. The locations wal of the Engineer construction will propriate Unit Price ll be performed by
	.6	The above information on accomply and it will be the resp contractor to familiarize hi ability of transportation and	onsibility of the mself with the avai
1.1.4 Land Use Regulations	.1	Land Use Permit issued to the it the authority to carry ou in the Specifications and Pl	it the work describe

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.	General Requirements	Division 1
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1.1.4 Land Use Regulations (con't.)

Territorial Land Use Regulations of the Territorial Land Use Act and the Operating Terms and Conditions of the Permit. A copy of the Permit and the Operating Terms and Conditions is included in, and forms part of these specification. The Contractor will be required to operate within the terms of the Permit and attached documents.

.2 The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 8 of the General Conditions of the Contract and he is hereby advised he will be held fully responsible for all fines and penalties issued against the Department of Public Works, as Permitte under the

Macken: Draft	zie Highway, N.W.T.		General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 2 of 17
1.1.4	Land Use Regulations (Continued)	.2	Land Use Permit, resulting di from the Contractor's activit	rectly or indirectly
1.1.5	Control of Materials		Royalties payable to the Crow the Territorial Quarrying Reg gravel, sand and/or loam are the purpose of carrying out t contract.	ulations for rock, hereby cancelled for
1.1.6	Plan Profile Drawings and	٦.	The profile elevations differ shown on the 1" to1000' ortho	
	1" to 1000' Mosaics		The profile elevations are el the field from Department of Mark Elevations. The orthoph are based on a separate map d general relief characteristic the accuracy obtainable from being approximately within on elevation difference between and within one quarter (1/4) in wooded areas. Where there the mapping and profile eleva elevations will govern.	Public Works Bench oto mapping elevations atum and indicate the s of the terrain, with aerial photogrammetry e-half (1/2) the contours in open areas the height of the tree is a discrepancy between
				-
		.2	Where there is a discrepancy relative to a horizontal loca govern, subject to final layo Engineer.	tion, the profile will
1.1.7	Measurement of Quantities	.1	<u>Linear</u> : All linear measureme horizontal distances, except these specifications for the installations.	as noted elsewhere in
		.2	Volume: .1 In computing volumes of e the average end area meth as otherwise decided by t	od will be used, excep
			.2 When the materials are to haulage vehicle, the vehi and type acceptable to th approved vehicles are of must bear a plainly legib indicating its specific a shall be levelled and meadelivery and no allowance settlement of the materia	cle shall be of a size e Engineer. Unless uniform capacity, each le identification mark pproved capacity. Loa sured at the point of will be made for

Macken	zie Highway, N.W.T.		General Requirements Division 1
Draft	·		Section 1 Page 3 of 17
1.1.7	Measurement of Quantities (Continued)		.3 Material specified to be measured by the cubic yard may be weighed and such weights shall be converted to cubic yards for payment purposes. Factors of conversion from weight measurement to volume measurement will be determined by the Engineer and shall be agreed to by the Contractor before such method of measurement of pay quantities will be approved by the Engineer.
		.3	Weight: .1 The term ton shall mean 2,000 pounds avoirdupo
			.2 All materials which are specified for measurem by weight shall be weighed on scales approved by and at locations designated by the Engineer Trucks used to haul material being paid for by weight shall be weighed empty at such times as the Engineer directs, and each truck shall bear a plainly legible identification mark.
			.3 Weight measurements shall be made by a weigh- master provided by the Department using scales and a scale house provided by the Contractor. The scales shall be of suitable design and of sufficient capacity to accommodate any vehicle used on the work and shall be inspected and te for accuracy at the Contractor's cost as often as may be required by the Engineer. The scale house shall be weatherproof and constructed to afford protection for the recording device of scales. It shall be of suitable size, having one sliding window facing the scale platform, one end window and a shelf desk at least 2 fee wide and 6 feet long. Doors shall not open on the scale platform. The Contractor shall prov adequate lighting and heating.
			.4 If material is shipped by rail, the car weight will be accepted.
1.1.8	Construction Inter- ruptions for Environ- mental Protection	.1	The Contractor will be required to temporarily cea operations on certain sections of the project for reasons of protecting the environment as outlined Division 1, Section 2 of the specifications. The Contractor shall schedule and organize his works s

of constraint.

that the maximum of productive work can continue on other sections of the project during the period(s) __

operation has been ordered for reasons of protectin

the environment, other than those specified in Division 1, Section 2, or in the Operating Terms and Conditions of the Land Use Permit, and when, in the—

.2 When an unscheduled shutdown of the Contractor's

opinion of the Engineer any productive work

Mackenz Draft	zie Highway, N.W.T.	***	Gen	eral Requirements	Divisi Section Page 4	
1.1.8	Construction Inter- ruptions for Environ- mental Protection (Continued)	.2	pro dow for	not be performed on other section ject by the equipment affected by n, payment will be made to the Corequipment and labour standby coslows:	the s	shut-
			.1	Production Equipment Standby: Page Equipment is only those units life following group: scrapers, dozers/rippers, front trucks larger than 8 cubic yards drills, compressors and backhoes over 1/2 cubic yard. The formulapplied in determining standby opiece of equipment shall be 50% "Alberta Roadbuilders Association Rate" in effect at the time of the less the applicable operator was quoted in the Association rate of Such standby costs will be applicable to 10 hours per day, 5 days per to a maximum monthly total of 20 any piece of equipment.	end lo , rock and s a to b osts f of the n Rent he sta e rate chedul cable er wee	on the paders, shovels be for a standby seconly
				The following example illustrate of determining such a standby ra 1975 schedule of rates:		
				D-9 Cat Complete with Dozer and Ripper (\$70.00 + \$9.00)	=	\$79.00
				Less Operator (Schedule A, Group 2)	=	\$ 6.90
	•			Bare Rental	=	\$72.10
				Standby Rate @ 50% of bare renta] =	\$36.05
			.2	Labour Standby: Labour standby paid for only those operators as tion equipment. Payments made waccordance with Article 45 of the tions of the contract and shall actual standby wage costs and cocamp operation incurred by the Contractor may be required to prhis payroll records to support a claimed under this section. Pay and camp operation will be calcubasis of the Unit Price Table It Engineer's Staff".	signed ill be e Gene be bas sts of ontracesent ment fall all all all all all all all all al	I to prode in eral Conde on the copies of the copies of the content on the
			.3	The proposed payments outlined a Production Equipment Standby and shall be considered full and fir ation for all costs directly or	l Labou nal cor	ur Standb npens-

Mackenz	ie Highway, N.W.T.		Gene	ral Requirements	Division 1 Section 1
Draft.			-		Page 5 of 17 -
1.1.8	Construction Inter- ruptions for Environ- mental Protection (Continued)		((Continued) curred by the Contractor bec shutdown of his operations f the environment.	
1.1.9	Barricades and Warning Signs		Depar nece: light take	Contractor shall, at no expertment, provide, erect and messary barricades suitable and ts, danger signals and other all necessary precautions fion of the work and the safeic.	aintain all d sufficient signs and or the pro-
1.1.10	Project Signs		stand supp paym sign acco	Contractor shall erect and modered Department of Public Wollied by the Department. Mealent for the erection and mai (s) will be made on a Change rdance with Clause 45 of the itions of the contract.	rks sign(s), surement for ntenance of the Order in
1.1.11	Layout of Work	.1	bencialigi work one stake or s	Engineer will set stakes and homarks to indicate the local nament and reference elevation. This will include the set set of clearing, flagging, goes, offset baseline, bench molope stakes and culvert plugtwo sets of second grade stakes.	tion, ons for the cting out of grubbing narks, work gs, together
		.2	oper	re-staking resulting from th ations of the Contractor wil ractor's expense.	
1.1.12	Maintenance of Work During Construction	.1	The conscont by dethat	ral Contractor shall maintain al truction. The maintenance s inuous and effective work, p ay, with adequate equipment the roadway and/or structur s, kept in a condition satis	chall constitute prosecuted day and forces so mes are, at all
		.2	Road (a)	way Ruts and ridges caused by m vehicles shall be removed o pleted or partially complet	on the com-
			(b)	Any portion of the road open shall be kept free of snow.	
			(c)	Prior to spring thaw, snow from the top of the road in for the full length of compially completed construction by the Engineer.	cluding shoulders, pleted or part-

Mackenz	ie Highway, N.W.T.	General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1
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1.1.12	Maintenance of Work .2 During Construction (Continued)	Roadway (Continued) (d) On completion of the project a the project is accepted by the the Contractor will grade the of the entire route in one conoperation.	Engineer, surface
		(e) Except as provided below for ting of culverts, maintenance where the measured separately for pay but will be considered incident the various Unit Price Table in	ill not ment, tal to
	.3	Icing of Culverts The Contractor will be required to culverts so as to ensure that culverts functioning during the period of sometiment. The Department will provimobile steamer for this purpose and Contractor will be responsible for and maintaining this unit and will to the Engineer in good condition pleting this work. This work will for payment as a Change Order in a with Clause 45 of the Gneral Condition contract.	erts are pring ide a d the operating return it upon com- be measured
1.1.13	Use of Roadway During Construction	Vehicles of the Government of Canal Northwest Territories, or of the a Contractors thereof, will be allow within the limits of the contract times; however, the Contractor may the road to the general public durtion. Should others request permit any section of the constructed road to completion, authorization may be upon consultation with, and writted from the Engineer.	gents or yed access at all y close ring construc- ssion to use adway prior be granted
1.1.14	Forest Protection and Fire Fighting Equipment	The Contractor shall comply with a ments for forest protection and finequipment regulations as outlined Use Permit and the Forest Protection Chapter 38 of the Revised Ordinana Northwest Territories.	re fighting in the Land on Ordinance,
		The supply of fire fighting equipmed incidental to the contract and measurement for payment will be made	no separate
1.1.15	Construction Camp	The Contractor's camp and service are subject to the approval of the shall be set up and operated in active Government of the Northwest Te Regulations governing operation of field camps.	Engineer and coordance with erritories

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. General Requirements Division 1 Section 1 Page 7 of 17 Draft. The Contractor shall make application to the 1.1.15 Construction Camp (Continued) Controller of Water Rights, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, Box 1500, Yellowknife, N.W.T., for authorization for the use of water and disposal of domestic sewage wastes at the camp in accordance with the Northern Inland Waters Act. The Contractor shall obtain this authorization prior to camp startup. Untreated sewage shall not be discharged directly or indirectly into any natural waters. Depending on camp population, soil conditions, climatic conditions and time duration of camp at one site, the following generally are acceptable methods of sewage disposal: Total underground containment or lagooning by means of: (a) Discharge directly to a suitable cribbed and covered cesspool. Discharge to a suitably cribbed (b) leach pit through a septic tank or through a leach cesspool compartment. The septic tank or leach cesspool compartment is for settlement and digestion and for sludge removal as necessary. (c) Discharge to an underground holding pit (which could be a cesspool, leach pit or tank) of at least one week retention capacity and discharged weekly from there to a lagoon by a portable pump and flexhose or other suitable arrangement. The lagoon shall be suitably located and at least 300 feet away from the camp being served. The lagoon shall have a minimum retention period of one year, a liquid depth of 6 feet to 8 feet, a free board minimum of 18 inches and impervious berms having a 10 ft. top width and minimum slopes of 3:1. Suitable precautions shall be taken for erosion control. .2 Package treatment plants such as rotating Bio Disc, Physical Chemical Plant, etc. The plants to be sized and operated to produce an effluent of secondary treatment quality. The Contractor shall make every effort to use water-saving fixtures in the camps such as low water-use toilets, urinals, wash basin taps, shower heads, and washing

machines.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft		General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 8 of 17
1.1.15 Construction Camp (Continued)		.3 Prior to the installation of related services, a plan of be submitted to the Engineer The construction camp and se upon being vacated, be left acceptable to the Engineer.	f the camp and the layout shall r for approval. ervice areas shall
1.1.16 Employment of the Native People	.1	The Contractor's attention is defollowing guidelines on the Emp Native People and Section 27(s) Conditions of the contract. Not all the terms of Section 27(2), ments are required for this contract guidelines. The Contract cruiting his work force, shall a	loyment of the of the General twithstanding special arrange- tract in line with or, prior to re-
		Manager, Canada Manpower Centre INUVIK, N.W.T.	
		and acquaint him with all his l requirements.	abour force
		The Canada Manpower Centre will Contractor, local residents in contract who are qualified to p duties as outlined by the Contr Contractor must show just cause qualified local people are not	the area of the erform the actor and the in event these
		During the progress of the work Section, Department of Local Goment of the Northwest Territori Liaison Officer available on si Contractor with any employment with the local people.	vernment, Govern- es, will make a te to assist the
	.2	Project Employment Guidelines 1 The Contractor and sub-cont be required to notify the Contre of all jobs prior to their work force and agree their workers outside the N ritories only to the extent local residents are not ava Canada Manpower Centre will employment referral agency.	anada Manpower recruiting to recuit orthwest Ter- that qualified ilable. The act as the
		.2 The Contractor will maintai Liaison Officers provided b Government. The Liaison Of provide counselling service for employees and their fam	y the Territorial ficers will s as required

.3 The prime Contractor will provide for training on the job contracts, to be arranged by the Territorial Government, for those

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. General Requirements Division 1 Section 1 Page 9 of Draft .2 (Continued) 1.1.16 Employment of the Native People .3 indigenous Territorial residents who (Continued) require special assistance in order to fill available jobs. 1.1.17 Climatic Conditions The Contractor's attention is drawn to the severe climatic conditions at the location of the project Information regarding the climatic conditions can be obtained from the Ministry of Transport. 1.1.18 Environmental The successful bidder shall arrange to have Briefings all his field staff available for environmental breifings for a period of about one hour when he has commenced operation of all equipment necessary to perform the work identified as clearing, grubbing, common excavation, channel excavation and overhaul and thereafter approximately every three (3) months. The Contractor shall provide space for the briefings at his camp. The Department will arrange to have environmental experts available for the briefings and will bear the cost of bringing in these people. The briefings will be scheduled to fit in with the Contractor's operation (double shift), so as not to cause any shutdown of the construction work. The Contractor will choose the time convenient for him, within a period of ten (10) days, as provided to him by the Engineer in writing. No payment will be made to the Contractor for the time that his staff attend environmental briefings and/or meetings related to the Land Use Regulations and protection of the environment. The Department may also have available in the camp, a short photographic slide presentation outlining environmental concerns and precautions to be taken. If such is available, the Contractor shall ensure new employees that he brings onto the work view this presentation as soon after arrival as possible. The Contractor's superintendent shall meet with the Engineer and the Land Use Officer prior to commencement of any work on this project to review the requirements of the Land Use Permit, to identify areas of environmental concern and to establish special procedures and precautions because of such concerns. 1.1.19 Additional Information An additional information package consisting of: .1 Final Design Package Package

Will be available for viewing in the Department's Edmonton Office and Offices at Fort Simpson and Norman Wells. The additional information package is intended to provide the Contractor with background information used by the Deptartment in preparing contract documents. This information package is not part of, nor will it be considered as part of the contract documents under any circumstances. 1.1.20 Engineer's Camp and .1 Description: Board This item will consist of the setting up, operating, maintaining, dismantling and moving the Engineer's trailer camp; the supplying of meals, bedding and cleaning services for all camp facilities and staff as may be required therefor. The Engineer's camp may be attached to the Contractor's camp facility subject to approval of the Engineer. Accommodation: The Department will supply and the Contractor will service as outlined herein the following equipment for the exclusive use of the Engineer and his staff for the duration of the work and for as long thereafter as required by the Engineer to complete final measurements. One (1) office trailer (10 feet by 50 feet more or less), three (3) eight-man sleeper trailers (10 feet by 50 feet more or less), one (1) ablution trailer (10 feet by 30 feet more or less), and one (1) recreation trailer (10 feet by 50 feet more or less). These trailers will be supplied to the Contractor at the barge landing site on the Mackenzie River at its confluence with Little Smith Creek. .2 The trailers specified above shall be placed into a self-contained unit, and joined by a minimum 8 food wide walkway having the same floor elevation as the trailers. The walkway will be weather-proof, insulated and adequately heated and the layout will be subject to the Engineer's approval. If the Contractor has a camp with enclosed weather-proof walkways, the Engineer's camp may be joined to it and

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Geotechnical)

.3 Mass haul diagram.

.2 Consultant reports (Environmental and

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1.1.19 Additional Information Package (Continued)

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Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.		General Requirements Division 1 Section 1
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1.1.20 Engineer's Camp and		.2 (Continued)
Board (Continued)		the Department's ablution trailer may be eliminated and the Engineer's staff will use the Contractor's ablution facilities.
		All the trailers specified above shall be adequately blocked and weather skirted for winter operation.
	.3	One only unheated but weathertight storage shed, a minimum of 8 foot by 12 foot and equipped with one locking door and one interior light, will be supplied by the Contractor and placed near the Engineer's camp, solely for the Engineer's use.
	.4	There shall be provided near the office trailer, five (5) parking places for vehicles complete with five (5) exterior electrical outlets for the exclusive use of the Engineer.
	.5	The trailers supplied by the Department to the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility from the time he originally moves them from the barge landing site for the duration of the contract. The trailers shall be set up and ready for occupancy at the same time as the Contractor's own camp. At the completion of contract work, the Contractor will return these trailers to the Department in the same shape as he received them, normal wear and tear excepted The Engineer will direct whether the trailers are to be left at the last campsite location, move to some other location within the limits of the project, or returned to the barge landing.
		The Contractor will be responsible for the operation of the trailers at his own expense. The supplying and installing of any replacement parts to these trailers will be carried out by the Contractor and the work will be measured for payment as a Change Order in accordance with Clause 45 of the Gneral Conditions of the contract.
	.6	Services:
		.1 The Contractor shall provide all equipment, supplies and labour required to prepare and serve each man on the Department's staff, registered and staying in the camp or as otherwise designated by the Engineer, meals and services of the same quantity and quality as provided for the Contractor's staff. A man will be considered to be in camp unless he is signed out twenty-four

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1.1.20 Engineer's Camp and Board (Continued)

.6 Services (Continued)

- .1 hours previous. There may be variations in the number of personnel from two to twenty-four over a season.
- .2 The Contractor shall clean trailers daily and change the linen weekly or whenever a change in personnel occurs. "Linen" shall consist of three (3) blankets, two (2) sheets, one (1) pillow and one (1) pillow for each occupant.
- .3 If the Contractor shows movies, the Engineer's staff shall be allowed to attend these showings.
- .4 A water and sewer system shall be provided by the Contractor for the Department's camp or the Contractor shall connect the Departmental ablution trailer to his system. The Contractor must include the Department's trailer units in his application under the Northern Inland Waters Act.
- .5 A steady and dependable source of electric power will be supplied by the Contractor. The Contractor shall connect all required trailers, building and exterior outlets to this source.
- .6 The Contractor shall supply all the fuel requirements for the camp and shall see that each heating unit is kept supplied with fuel and is in good operating condition.
- .7 The Contractor shall dismantle, move and re-establish the camp whenever he moves his own camp.

.7 Measurement for Payment

.1 Measurement for payment for the camp shall be on a LUMP SUM price for the delivery, set up, moving, re-installation and return of the complete camp as specified or as directed by the Engineer. Such payment will include full provision for all work and materials to provide enclosed walkways and otherwise complete the camp and provide facilities as specified above. The payment will also cover the supply and installation of all service connections and service lines outside the trailers themselves.

Mackenz	ie Highway, N.W.I.		General Requirements Divisi Section	
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1.1.20	Engineer's Camp and Board (Continued)	.7	(Continued)	-
			for payment will be the number of man- and fractions thereof, that the Engine staff is registered in camp and shall clude the supply, preparation and serv of meals, cleaning, bedding, fuel, ele power, garbage and sewage disposal and other labour, materials and equipment quired for the operation and maintenar of the camp. All part days shall be e to the nearest third based on the numb meals taken by the occupant.	days er's in- ying ectric l all re- expressed
1.1.21	Clearing and Grubbing	.1	Clearing: shall be in accordance with Div 9, Section 1 of the specification and will clude:	
			(a) Areas of right-of-way not previously oby others.	leared
			(b) Widening of the existing right-of-way ing as directed by the Engineer.	clear-
			(c) Borrow pits and access roads as direct the Engineer.	ted by
			The Contractor is advised that a major por of the right-of-way has been previously had cleared by others.	
			Widening of existing right-of-way clearing generally be designated by the Engineer where the designated required to provide a minimum of fifteen feet from toe of embankment or from top of excavation backslope to the edge of the roof-way clearing.	nere (15) f
			The Contractor shall advise the Engineer is later than October 1st of each year, of the section(s) of anticipated embankment considerween October 1st and April 15th. This allow time for the Engineer to arrange for sary flushcutting of stumps by others with the limits of the proposed winter embankment construction where grubbing or stripping not be carried out.	he truction is to r neces- hin ent
		.2	Grubbing: where designated by the Engineshall be carried out in accordance with D 9, Section 1 of the specifications.	
			Notwithstanding Division 9, Section 1 of specifications, in areas of the previousl right-of-way, the Engineer will designate grubbing be carried out only on proposed	y cleare that

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft		General Requirements	Division Section Page 14 of 17
1.1.21 Clearing and Grubbing (Continued)	.2	Grubbing (Continued): areas where a separate disposal and other debris is required. of-way excavation areas, stumps debris shall be removed and disexcavation and shall be consider the excavation. Grubbing will for payment on those areas of where a separate grubbing operates ignated by the Engineer. In cross-sections for excavation will grubbing is complete.	On all other rights, roots and other sposed of with the ered incidental to only be measured the right-of-way ation has been such areas origin
1.1.22 Excavation	.1	All roadway and Borrow Excavate carried out in accordance with of Division 9, Section 2 of the	the provisions
	.2	Channel Excavation, as described Section 3, of the specification to be a requirement under this however, such excavation is restruction, the appropriate payment accordance with Article 45 of Conditions of the contract.	ns, is not expected contract. If, quired during con- ment will be made
1.1.23 Embankments		The embankment construction showith the requirements of Divisof the specifications.	
•		.1 As this project lies within permafrost it will be perm struct embankment using so state, in a manner designa Engineer.	issible to con- ils in a frozen
		.2 When constructing embankme material, the Engineer may embankment be constructed height above grade to allothat will occur when the f thaws and consolidates.	direct that the to a specified w for settlement

schedule.

The Contractor is to provide a minimum of one(1) grid roller, one (1) vibrating steel drum compaction unit Type A, one (1) vibratory steel drum compaction unit Type B, and two (2) self-powered hand-operated vibrating or tamping units. The Engineer may instruct that additional compaction units be placed on the work if necessary to meet the requirements of the Contractor's

The above units shall conform with the requirements for compaction equipment described in Division 9, Section 4 of the specifications.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.		General Requirements	Division 1
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1.1.23 Embankments (Continued)	.4	Upon callup, a minimum of one shift of work will be specifi for the compaction equipment self-powered, hand-operated vunits. For these units a min hour of work will be specifie upon callup. Notwithstanding provision, payment will not b time or interruptions not aut Engineer.	ed by the Engineer except for the ibrating or tamping imum of one (1) d by the Engineer the minimum callup e made for any down—
1.1.24 Culverts	.1	The locations of all culverts Corruguated Metal Pipe Culver plans are approximate only. of all culverts and the exact rugated Metal Pipe Culverts win the field by the Engineer.	ts as shown on the The exact location lengths of Cor- ill be determined
	.2	The assembly and installation shall be in accordance with D 6 and 7 of the specifications required for Corruguated Meta and Corrugated Structural Pla be supplied to the Contractor as follows: (Details will be inserted)	ivision 9, Sections . All materials l Pipe Culverts te Culverts will
		Upon delivery of culvert mater above, the Contractor shall swith a certificate acknowledge then to completion of the proshall assume full responsibility and shall replace any lost or no cost to the Department. The delivered in bundles, pall having maximum dimensions of feet high by 22 feet long.	supply the Engineer ging receipt and from gject, the Contractor ity for the material damaged items at the materials will ets or containers

.3 The materials delivered for structural plate culvert installations having diameters greater than sixty (60) inches include the necessary materials for upstream and downstream cut-off walls as outlined on the Typical Steel Cut-off Wall Details in the plans. The materials will also include the necessary items for installation of hold-down end treatment at the

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft	General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 16 of 17
Diaic		1 uge 10 01 17
1.1.24 Culverts (con't.) .3	(Con't.)	
	installation in a Typical Hold-down Details i following basic information hold-down materials.	
	All angles are pre-drilled. culvert for attaching the hwall materials shall be cut Contractor.	old-down and cut-off
	If required prior to tender formation on the hold-down tained from the Department Office in Edmonton. The coshown on the plans is not p	material can be ob- of Public Works oncrete collar work
	Notwithstanding Article 9.7 tions the prices tendered f stallation of Corrugated St shall include full provision field fabrication and install and/or steel cut-off walls	for assembly and in- cructural Plate Pipe on for any required allation of hold-downs
1.1.25 Steam Pipe Installation	Where called for on the cul steam pipe will be installe the steam pipe installation	ed in accordance with
	Installation of the steam princidental to the culvert in materials will be supplied will be stockpiled at the amaterial stockpile.	nstallation. All by the Department and
	Installation of the steam p to the satisfaction of the covering the culvert with e	engineer prior to
1.1.26 Gravel	Gravel surfacing is not inc	cluded in this contract
	Rock borrow will be used in culvert bedding and backfil	
1.1.27 Rip-Rap	The rip-rap placed on this of STONE RIP-RAP. The stor hand-placed rip-rap or heave the random manner, as outli Section 11. The type of stused at the various sites so by the Engineer.	ne rip-rap will be yy rip-rap placed in ined in Division 9, tone rip-rap to be
	(Sand cement bags may be rein areas where haul distance tion of rock. Details will contract packages).	ces prohibit importa-

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft	General Requirements	Division 1 Section 1 Page 17 of 17	
1.1.27 Rip-Rap (Cont'd)	Notwithstanding the provisions of Division 9, Section 11, if the Engineer specifies the alternate use of filter fabric for filter blanket, the necessary filter fabric material will be supplied to the work by the Engineer. There will be no additional payment for use of filter fabric material as an alternate to granular filter blanket material.		
	For the purpose of calculatin for rip-rap and filter blanke sion of one (1) cubic yard be and one-half (1 1/2) tons wil	t materials, a conver- ing equal to one	
1.1.28 Ditch Linings	This section will be deleted backslopes are to be blankete in all cuts through fine graits expected to offer adequate	d with rock borrow ned material which	
1.1.29 Change in Quantities	The Contractor's attention is Paragraphs 2(c) and 2(d) in to ment wherein the Engineer and by an agreement in writing, a in the Unit Price Table where certain classes of labour, plused or supplied by the Contraction the work is less than seventy excess of one hundred and twee the estimated quantities show Table.	he Articles of Agree- the Contractor may mend the price set ou the quantities of ant or material perfo actor in executing -five (75) percent or enty-five (125) percent	
1.1.30 Fund Limitations	(If applicable, details will contract package.)	be inserted in the	

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.		Construction Schedule	Division 1
Draft- 1: 0			Section 2 Page 1 of 2
1.2.1 Tender Schedule		Each bidder shall submit with his to schedule in bar chart form covering gravel and structural plate culverto the calendar dates on which activity of those items will take place for mile section of the contract. This must clearly demonstrate that the boundary demonstrate that the boundary demonstrate that the specification, has examined the sith has made himself aware of access protection that the site and is aware of schedule of may be brought about by climatic control of the province of the site and is aware of schedule o	excavation, as and showing acies on each each five- s schedule oidder as of this ac conditions, roblems to
1.2.2 Construction Schedule		After notification of award of cont Contractor must prepare a detailed Schedule showing the calendar time clearing, roadway and borrow excave orary bridge construction, traffic installation of corrugated metal pi corrugated structural plate pipe or basis of a mile by mile identificat the total length of the contract.	Construction planned for ation, temp- gravel and pe and the
1.2.3 Scheduling Details .	1	Milestone Dates	
		The Contractor's construction sched show milestone dates as follows:	lule must
		Milestone Date 1 (Details will be inserted in contra	ect package)
•		Milestone Date 2 (Details will be inserted in contra	ict package)
.:	2	The Contractor's construction schedarranged to minimize the quantity of	
• •	3	Commencement Restrictions	
		The Contractor's attention is drawr ing circumstances that will affect and commencement of the work:	
		(a) The location and nature of the campsite and other facilities method the prior approval of the Engine with approval under the Land Us and Northern Inland Maters Act.	oust receive beer together se Regulations

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.	Construction Schedule	Division 1 Section 2
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1.2.3 Scheduling Details (continued)

.4 Environmental Protection Schedule Restrictions

- (a) No construction activity or alteration or diversion of a stream channel will be permitted in the construction of culverts in excess of 60 inches in diameter from May 1 to June 30th each year.
- (b) Travel of the Contractor's vehicles or equipment on the Highway right-of-way will not be permitted prior to construction of the embankment to a minimum height of three (3) feet above the original ground; except when the active layer is completely frozen the Engineer may authorize movement of vehicles and equipment over this completely frozen ground without prior embankment construction.
- (c) Stripping of pits and excavation of cuts will only be permitted when the active layer is completely frozen.
- (d) Any restrictions to construction as might be specified in the Operating Terms and Conditions of the Land Use Permit.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Draft-	Mobilization	Division 1 Section 3 Page 1 of 1
1.3.1 Description	This item consists of the procontractor of a fixed sum to mobilization of plant, personal the establishment of temporal shops, offices and facilities fees and premiums necessary work and which are not speciander any other item contain Price Table.	o cover costs of onnel and material, ary buildings, es and licenses, to commence the ifically measured
1.3.2 Measurement	Measurement for payment for be on the basis of the LUMP established by the Departmen Unit Price Table. This amount of the total amount of the paid on the following schedule.	SUM amount pre- it and shown on the unt is to be included tender and will be
	.l Fifty (50) percent of the when the Contractor has camp, has placed his fur has delivered to the carequipment necessary to identified as clearing, roadway and borrow excared.	established his el storage and np site all the perform work grubbing, and
	.2 Twenty-five (25) percenamount when the Contrac	

operation of all the equipment indicated in 1.3.2.1 above in the performance of that work identified as clearing, grubbing and roadway and borrow excavation.

Twenty-five (25) percent of the fixed amount when the Contractor has completed construction of the equivalent of 3 miles of highway grading and drainage.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T. Standard Specifications March 1975	Clearing and Grubbing	Division 9 Section 1 Page 1 of 2
9.1.1. Description	This item consists of the retrees, stumps, brush, roots, logs, all other surface debrherein described. The areas grubbed shall be those areas designated by the Engineer i	surface logs, imbedded is and other work as to be cleared and/or indicated on the Plans of
9.1.2. Materials	Not applicable.	
9.1.3. Construction	.1 Clearing - Clearing shall co disposal of all trees, brush surface debris, except such be designated for preservati designated for preservation scarring, barking or other i tion operations. Dangerous hanging the right of way and of any cleared area are to b	, fallen trees and other trees and shrubs as may on. Trees and shrubs shall be protected from njury during the constructrees and snags overleaners along the edge
	(a) Where clearing only is r way or on access roads, and stumps shall be hand inches of the ground sur operation must be carrie that will prevent damage insulating value of the	trees, brush, rubbish cut to within eight (8) face. This clearing do out in such a manner to the existing
	(b) Where grubbing is design clearing and grubbing ma one operation if approve	y be carried out in
	(c) Generally all right-of-w way adjacent to stream of ditches and haul roads w and the use of machinery the clearing debris will winter months. Machine be permitted for the cle and sections of right-of are proposed.	crossings, off-take will be cleared by hand, with the total to be and dispose of lonly be allowed in the clearing will generally earing of borrow areas

- disposal of roots, stumps, imbedded logs and other objectionable debris on the surface and imbedded in the surface. Areas where grubbing is required will be designated by the Engineer. Grubbing will generally be designated on all or portions of those areas on the right-of-way where excavation or subexcavation is to take place but generally will not be required on the right-of-way where the height of embankment will exceed three (3) feet. Grubbing will not normally be designated for borrow areas.
- .3 Brush Piles Brush piles consisting of trees, rubbish and/or organic materials existing from previous clearing operations shall be removed and disposed of by the

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Clearing and Grubbing	Division 9	
Standard Specifications	•	Section 1	
March, 1975		Page 2 of 2	

9.1.3. Construction (Cont'd).3 (Cont'd)

Contractor. Such work will not be measured separately for payment but will be considered incidental to thomareas staked or designated for clearing and/or grubbing by the Engineer.

Disposal - All clearing and/or grubbing debris shall be disposed of as directed by the Engineer. General, the disposal will consist of burning and placing of the burned debris in disposal pits or disposal areas. For the clearing and grubbing of borrow pits, the Contractor will generally be permitted to push clearin and grubbing debris into a section of the pit where excavation is completed and to flatten and trim such debris to a condition acceptable to the Engineer. Any earth material pushed in with the clearing and grubbing debris will not be separately measured for payment, but will be considered incidental to the clearing and grubbing operation.

In specific areas, the Engineer may direct that tree from the hand-cut clearing operation to be laid into a uniform mat transverse to the right-of-way centreline within the limits of future embankment. This work shall take place just in advance of the embankment construction.

.5 Progress of Work - Except as may otherwise be provide or directed by the Engineer, borrow pit areas shall not be cleared and grubbed in advance of excavation - by more than one (1) week. The clearing and/or grubbing within the right-of-way shall be completed at least one (1) mile in advance of the grading operation.

9.1.4. Measurement

The quantity of CLEARING to be measured for payment will be the number of acres acceptably cleared in accordance with these specifications.

The quantity of GRUBBING to be measured for payment will be the number of acres acceptably grubbed in accordance with these specifications.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T. Standard Specifications March, 1975		Roadway and Borrow Excavation	Division 9 Section 2 Page 1 of 4
9.2.1. Description	-	This item consists of the eing within the freehaul disand trimming of all material excavation Rock or Excavation be carried out in conforgrades and dimensions shown by the Engineer.	stance, placing or disposal als classified as ion Common. The work is rmity with the lines,
9.2.2. Materials Classification	.1 -	removal was integral w (b) Boulder or rock fragmen	m solid masses of igneous, phic rock which prior to ith its parent mass. nts measuring in volume
	.2	two (2) cubic yards or Excavation Common - Excavation of all other materials of the dense tills, hardpan and finot come under the classifier Channel Excavation.	tion Common shall consist whatever nature, including rozen materials that do
9.2.3. Construction	.1	Roadway Excavation	
	_	(a) Roadway Excavation wil required for construct ditches, embankments,	ion of contiguous roadway permanent access and con- haul roads, installation
		(b) All suitable materials in roadway embankments directed by the Engine	except as otherwise
		(c) All unsuitable and/or from the roadway will and in a manner as dire	be disposed of at location
		(d) All roadway excavation manner so as to minimi	

In addition, variation in grade tolerance between any two successive 100 foot stations shall not exceed one-tenth (1/10) of a foot.

(f) Where unsuitable material is encountered at the grade level of a cut, the sub-grade shall be sub-excavated to the depth staked by the Engineer.

natural ground cover on adjacent areas.

two-tenths (2/10) of a foot.

(e) All roadway excavation shall be to the lines and grades established on the Plans or set in the field by the Engineer to a tolerance maximum of

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Roadway and Borrow Excavation

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9.2.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.1 Roadway Excavation (Cont'd)

- (g) Where suitable material is encountered at the grade level of a cut, the material shall be removed to a depth of one (1) foot below grade and relaid and compacted in two (2) 6 inch layers.
- (h) If during excavation, material appearing to conform to the classification of Excavation Rock is encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and shall provide ample opportunity for the Engineer to investigate and to make such measurements as are necessary to determine the volume of material in question.
- (i) Rock which cannot be ripped, shall be drilled and blasted in such a manner as to allow usage of all material excavated.
- (j) Rock slopes shall be scaled down to remove boulde and rock fragments which may slide or roll down to slope.

.2 Borrow Excavation

- (a) The Engineer will designate and approve all borrow areas and access to borrow areas. Haul roads from borrow areas may consist of one two-way road having a maximum surface width of forty (40) feet or two one-way haul roads each having a maximum surface width of twenty-five (25) feet. The haul roads will generally be doglegged so that only a short section of the haul road is visible from the highway.
- (b) The location of potential borrow areas has been indicated generally on the photo mosaic plans. The indicated areas have been provided to give the Contractor an appreciation of the general type of material to be encountered in borrow areas and the general spacing of such borrow areas. The actual location (which need not be the same as indicated on the plans), dimensions and depths for excavation of all borrow areas will be designated in the field by the Engineer.
- (c) Slopes of the excavated borrow areas shall not be—
 steeper than two to one (2:1) for excavation
 common and one quarter to one (4:1) for excavation
 rock, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. __
- (d) Unsuitable materials excavated from borrow areas will be disposed of by placing it immediately adjacent to the borrow areas as designated by the Engineer in such a location as not to interfere

			1832 5 7 1 7
9.2.3.	Construction (Cont'd)	.2	Borrow Excavation (Cont'd) with the natural ground drainage or drainage from or into the proposed borrow area. The disposed of material will be trimmed as directed by the Engineer.
			Where the unsuitable material from borrow areas is to be placed back into the excavated area after completion of the borrow excavation, this material will not be classified as roadway and borrow excavation but will be measured for payment as a Change Order in accordance with Clause 45 of the General Conditions of the contract.
			(g) If during excavation, material appearing to conform to the classification of Excavation Rock is encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and shall provide ample opportunity for the Engineer to investigate and to make such measurements as are necessary to determine the volume of material in question.
			(h) Rock which cannot be ripped shall be drilled and blasted in such a manner as to allow usage of all material excavated.
9.2.4.	Measurement	.1	Excavation Common - The volume of EXCAVATION COMMON which will be measured for payment, will be the number of cubic yards excavated in its original position, loaded, hauled within the free-haul distance, placed, trimmed and accepted in the work or disposed of in accordance with these specifications.
			Original cross sections for measurements will be taker after the clearing and/or grubbing is completed.
			Removing and replacing suitable material below grade level as specified in Article 9.2.3.1 (h) will be measured for payment as Excavation Common.
		.2	Excavation Rock - The volume of EXCAVATION ROCK which will be measured for payment in cubic yards, in its original position, will be the volume of those materials excavated, loaded, hauled within the free-haul distance, placed, trimmed and accepted in the work or disposed of in accordance with these specifications.
			Original cross sections for measurements will be taken on top of the exposed rock surfaces.

Where in the opinion of the Engineer, unavoidable overbreak occurs, measurement will be made for the actual quantity involved provided the overbreak does not exceed ten (10) percent of the actual quantity

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9.2.4. Measurement (Cont'd)

within the lines as staked by the Engineer between the established 100-foot station intervals where the overbreak occurs. All materials exceeding ten (10) percent by this definition, when placed in the embankment, will be measured for payment as Excavation Common.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T. Standard Specifications March, 1975		Channel Excavation	Division 9 Section 3 Page 1 of 2
9.3.1. Description	_	This item consists of the excapermanently deepening, widening channels, the construction of contiguous roadway ditches, lower material within the free haultrimming of material in accordas staked by the Engineer. Expenditches running generally paragembankment but not contiguous excavation will be designated right-of-way as delineated by limits.	ag and relocating water ditches other than bading, hauling distance, disposal and dance with the Plans or except for intercepter allel to the roadway with it, channel outside the highway
9.3.2. Materials	1	Channel Excavation Rock Channel Excavation Rock is def (a) Channel material excavated igneous, sedimentary or me prior to removal was integmass. (b) Boulder or rock fragments two (2) cubic yards or more	d from solid masses of etamorphic rock which gral with its parent measuring in volume
	.2	Channel Excavation Common Channel Excavation Common shall excavation of all other materincluding dense tills, hardparthat do not come under the classical excavation Rock.	ials of whatever nature n and frozen materials
9.3.3. Construction		All materials excavated will be on the Plans or as directed by material will be used in the material will be used in the material will be used in the material will be excavated material is placed a channel or ditch, provision shapproper flow of water from adjaway. The excavation shall be the disposed of material shall to a condition satisfactory to Engineer must approve the use other than draglines and/or be	y the Engineer. Suitable roadway embankment, the Engineer. When near the banks of a hall be made to ensure acent land to this waterneatly finished and loe shaped and trimmed of the Engineer. The
9.3.4. Measurement		The quantity of CHANNEL EXCAVA	d for payment, will be

original position.

There will be no measurement for payment for material excavated beyond the lines shown on the Plans or as staked by the Engineer, except that for Channel Excavation Rock where in the opinion of the Engineer unavoidable overbreak occurs, measurement for payment will be made for the actual quantities involved,

excavated and disposed of in accordance with the Plans

the number of cubic yards of material acceptably

or as directed by the Engineer, measured in its

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Channel Excavation	Division 9
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9.3.4. Measurement (Cont'd)

provided the overbreak quantity does not exceed ten (10) percent of the actual quantity of rock within the lines as staked by the Engineer between the established 100-foot station intervals where overbreak occurs. Rock excavation beyond the lines staked by the Engineer in excess of the overbreak allowed, will not be measured for payment.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T. Division 9 Embankment Construction Standard Specifications Section 4 March, 1975 Page 1 of 6 9.4.1. Description This item consists of the construction of subgrade, approach roads, ditch block embankments, and backfilling culvert and roadway sub-excavations with excavated material, all to the lines, grades, crosssections and dimensions shown on the plans or as staked or designated by the Engineer. 9.4.2. Materials The materials shall consist of acceptable earth and rock material free from wood, brush, roots and other organic matter. The Engineer will approve all materials prior to incorporation into embankments. 9.4.3. Construction Placing Roadway Embankment (a) The embankment shall be constructed to the lines, grades and cross-section as indicated on the Plans and/or staked by the Engineer. If an embankment is constructed beyond the staked grades and cross-section without the written approval of the Engineer, the excess material shall be removed by the Contractor at his own expense and placed on the grade where the embankment is not completed. If the excess material has not been removed at the time of completion of the work, this material will not be measured for payment. The excavation quantity of excess material will be based on the excess embankment volume times the embankment adjustment factor for the section where the embankment was constructed beyond the staked lines and/or grades. (b) Sufficient crown and/or superelevation shall be maintained at all times during construction to ensure ready runoff of surface water. The top surface shall be free of ruts and ridges, and windows will not be permitted to remain along the edges of the embankment. (c) The initial lift of embankment material on unstable foundations shall have a minimum

compacted thickness of three (3) feet for support of the equipment. The Engineer may permit the initial lift to be placed in a narrow fill along the uphill side of the embankment area to provide access to various work along the right of way. After the

initial lift has been constructed to the full design width, embankment material shall be placed in successive uniform layers across

the entire width of the embankment.

considered possible by the Engineer, this shall consist of placing successive layers of eight (8) inch maximum compacted thickness. In embankments composed principally of material obtained from rock cuts, the larger stones shall be carefully distributed and the

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Embankment Construction	Division 9
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9.4.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.1 Placing Roadway Embankment (Cont'd.)

- (c) Cont'd interstices filled with smaller stones and other available material to form as compact a mass as practicable.
- (d) Preliminary shaping of side slopes shall be done as close behind embankment placement as possible.
- (e) Trimming of the top surface, side slopes and toe of the embankments shall be done in a neat and workmanlike manner. All embankments shall be constructed to the lines and grades shown on the plans, or as staked by the Engineer, to a tolerance maximum of two-tenths (2/10) of a foot. In addition, variation in grade tolerance between any two successive 100 feet stations shall not exceed one tenth (1/10) of a foot.
- (f) All boulders or stones larger than 6 inches in diameter which are imbedded in or protruding from the surface of the roadway, or which are protruding from the surface of the side slopes, shall be removed and the resulting cavities filled with compacted earth material. The boulders and/or stones removed shall, wherever considered practical and necessary by the Engineer, be used as a sourceof rip-rap materials. Where this is considered not necessary or practical, the boulders and/or stones shall be placed in disposal areas along the right-of-way designated by the Engineer and in a manner directed by the Engineer. Where, in the opinion of the Engineer, such disposal areas are not feasible, the boulders and/or stones shall be disposed of in depleted borrow pits.

.2 Compaction of Embankment

- (a) The embankment shall be placed as described in .1(c above. Each layer of material shall be spread evenly and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

 The hauling equipment shall be directed over the full width of each layer of material placed.
- (b) The Engineer will determine if and when additional compaction effort is required other than what is obtained by the hauling units and will decide the type and number of compaction units to be used.
- (c) The addition of water to the embankment material may be required during the compaction operation. The Engineer will decide when this is required and the quantities to be applied. The water shall be distributed in accordance with the requirements for water, Division 9, Section 10.
- (d) During embankment construction, if in the opinion of the Engineer, the material is too wet for placing

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Embankment Construction	Division 9
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9.4.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.2 <u>Compaction of Embankment</u> (Cont'd)

(d) Cont'd and/or compacting, he may direct that drying of the embankment material be carried out. The type and number of drying equipment units and the drying procedure used will be as directed by the Engineer. If the weather is not suitable for drying, the Engineer may direct that work cease temporarily until such time as drying conditions have improved.

.3 Embankment Adjacent to Structures

(a) Embankment on Bridge Approaches - The permission of the Engineer must be obtained before any fill is placed against concrete arches, abutments or wing walls.

Approach fills to structures, within the lines shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer, shall be constructed of approved material placed in layers of maximum compacted thickness of six (6) inches. The amount of compaction and the type of equipment to be used will be determined by the Engineer. For structures requiring embankments on both sides, the embankment shall be placed simultaneously at uniform elevations on both sides of the structure.

- (b) Embankment at Culverts Embankment around culverts shall consist of approved material placed to the limits shown on the typical plans for installation of corrugated metal pipe culverts and corrugated structural plate culverts or as directed by the Engineer. Material shall be placed and compacted in six (6) inch layers alternately on each side of the culvert so as not to displace it during installation. Special attention shall be given to compaction under the haunches.
- (c) Fill Retaining Walls The fill behind the walls shall be approved material placed in layers not exceeding six (6) inches in thickness and compacted as directed by the Engineer. In the case of cell type retaining walls, the fill behind the wall shall be tamped and kept near but not above the level of the compacted material within the cells. Where fill is to be placed on a sloping surface, the surface must be benched to reduce the load on the retaining structure.

4 Compaction Equipment

All compactors specified herein for compaction of material shall comply with the following minimum requirements:

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9.4.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.4 <u>Compaction Equipment</u> (Cont'd)

- (a) Sheepsfoot compactors shall consist of one or more drum units, having a total minimum width of 8 feet. The length of the tamping feet shall not be less than 7 inches. Under working conditions, the compactor shall be of such weight that the minimum load upon each tamper foot will not be less than 400 pounds per square inch of cross-sectional area The sheepsfoot compactor shall be of the self-cleaning type and the ends of the tamping feet shall at all times be kept in a flat condition acceptable to the Engineer.
- (b) Pneumatic-tired rollers shall have a width of not less than 6 feet. They shall be equipped with pneumatic tires of equal size and diameter. space between the side walls of adjacent tires shall be not greater than the tire width, and the rear tires shall be staggered in relation to the front tires. The roller shall be equipped with mechanical means of distributing the contact pressure uniformly among all the tires and the tires shall be uniformly inflated so that the air pressure in all tires does not vary more than 5 pounds per square inch. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be so constructed that the total weight of the roller shall be not less than 17 tons and that the roller shall develop a minimum of 400 pounds pressure per inch width of tire. During rolling the operating weight of the roller and the tire pressure shall be varied to fit the soil condition:
- (c) Grid Rollers shall weigh not less than 15 tons and shall be of such weight that the load on each square inch of surface in contact with the road at any time shall not be less than 250 pounds.
- (d) Type (A) steel drum vibratory compactors shall have a drum width of not less than 6 feet. The weight on the drum end shall not be less than 5 tons with __ minimum total applied forces of 500 lbs. (combined vertical components of dynamic and static forces) per linear inch of drum.
- (e) Type (B) steel drum vibratory compactors shall consist of a double drum (vibration on both drums), self-propelled compaction unit meeting the following minimum requirements:

	Total weight:
١	Width of drums:
1	Drum diameter:
•	Total applied force
	(Combined vertical
	components of dynamic
	and static forces)

1 ton 30 inches 18 inches 150 lbs. per linear inch of drum

Mackenzie Hig Standard Spe March, 1975			Emb	ankment Construction	Division Section Page 5	4
9.4.3. Const (Cont		. 4	Com	paction Equipment (Cont'd)		
(COIIC	· d)		(f)	A compaction unit shall consist or a power-drawn compactor. Combe capable of moving at a speed the exception of the compaction (e) above which shall be capable up to 1.5 m.p.h.	npaction un up to 5 m units des	nits shall .p.h. with cribed in
			(g)	Self-powered, hand-operated vibrunits for compaction of backfill immediately adjacent to structur shall be of a design approved by weighing not less than 100 pound	l and/or eners and cuits the English	mbankments lverts
		.5	Dry	ing Equipment		
			(a)	Disc plowing harrows shall be of hinge offset type meeting the forequirements:		
				Weight	8000 lbs provision addition as requi	ns for al weight
				Width	8 feet	
				No. of discs	12	
				Disc diameter	36 inche	S
			(b)	A drying unit shall consist of pequipment. Drying units shall bat speeds up to 4 m.p.h.		
		.6	(a)	All drying units and compaction exception of the self-powered has described in 9.4.3.5 (g) shall an approved time recording device records the number of hours each operation.	and operat Il be equi ce which a	ed tamper pped with ccurately
			(b)	It will be the Contractor's respectation that the time recording devices and maintained, that the cards a identified as to the machine, dadaily deliver said cards to the	are prope are accura ate and sh	rly mount tely
			(c)	The Engineer will record the number hours for each machine and both the Contractor will certify dai are correct.	the Engin	eer and
9.4.4. Measu	rement		spe	struction of embankments in according to the structions will not be measured will be considered incidental to	for payme	nt direct

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Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Embankment Construction	Division 9
Standard Specifications		Section 4
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9.4.4. Measurement (Cont'd)

Price Table items. The quantity of COMPACTION AND DRYING to be measured for payment, will be the actual number of hours each compaction and/or drying units is operated as directed by the Engineer. Any other equipment used in the drying and compaction operation which is not shown in the Unit Price Table, will not be measured separately for payment but will be considered incidental to the drying and compaction operation.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Overhaul Division 9 Standard Specifications Section Page 1 of 1 March, 1975 This item consists of authorized hauling of 9.5.1. Description excavated material, classified under the various excavation items, for a distance beyond a free haul distance of one-half (1/2) mile (2,640 feet). 9.5.2. Materials Not applicable. 9.5.3. Construction Not applicable. The quantity of OVERHAUL to be measured for 9.5.4. Measurement payment will be the number of cubic yard miles of authorized material hauled beyond the 2,640 feet free haul distance as calculated by the Mass Diagram Method. (a) The overhaul distance shall be the distance between the centres of volume of the overhauled material in its original position and its position after placing, less the free haul distance. The haul distance shall be measured along the shortest route determined by the Engineer as feasible and satisfactory. If the contractor chooses to haul the material over some other route, this route must be approved by the Engineer. The measurement shall be based on the haul distance of the route designated by the Engineer or if the alternate route is shorter, the haul distance will be measured along this route. When material is obtained by extra widening of a right-of-way cut, any area of the excavation more than one hundred and fifty (150) feet from the centreline of the roadway will, for the purpose of centre of mass and

overhaul calculations, be considered as a separate area off the right-of-way and its distance from the road-way will be measured to the centre-

line of the roadway.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Corrugated Metal Culverts Division 9
Standard Specifications Section 6
March, 1975 Page 1 of 2

9.6.1. Description

This item consists of the transportation from the barge landing and the installation of corrugated metal pipe culverts in accordance with these specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

This work shall include all sizes of corrugated metal pipe culverts except structural plate culverts.

9.6.2. Materials

All culvert materials will be supplied to the work by the Department.

9.6.3. Construction

.1 Excavation

- (a) The location, elevation and excavation for culverts will be staked by the Engineer.
- (b) Excavation shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements for Excavation Common and/or Excavation Rock, Division 9, Section 2.

During construction the contractor may be required to provide for the temporary flow of water outside of the limits of the culvert. The method used in diverting the water shall be approved by the Engineer.

.2 Bedding

The culvert bed shall provide a firm foundation of uniform density throughout its entire area. When a firm foundation is not encountered at the grade establishing for the culvert, the bottom of the bed shall be sub-excavated to the dimensions staked by the Engineer. The sub-excavated area shall be backfilled with material approved by the Engineer.

.3 <u>Installation</u>

- (a) Annular corrugated culvert pipe shall be placed with the inside circumferential laps pointing downstream and with longitudinal laps at the side or quarter points.
- (b) The sections of the culvert shall be firmly jointed with coupling bands.

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Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.	Corrugated Metal	Culverts	Divisi		9	
Standard Specifications			Sectio	n	6	
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, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		بتراجي والمساور والمساور والمساور	والمراجع والم والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراج			

9.6.3. Construction (continued)

.3 <u>Installation (continued)</u>

- (c) If a watertight joint is specified, the method used will be as directed by the Engineer.
- (d) If insulation is specified, installation of insulation material will be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- (e) The backfilling around the culvert will be in accordance with the plans and shall conform with the requirements for Embankment Construction, Division 9, Section 4.

The Engineer will determine the amount of compactive effort required.

(f) No strutting of culverts will be allowed without written approval from the Engineer.

9.6.4. Measurement

.1 Delivery and Installation

The quantity of CORRUGATED METAL PIPE to be measured for payment, will be the number of lineal feet of pipe complete in place and accepted by the Engineer. The measurement will be based on nominal length of pipe sections.

Loading of the pipes at the designated stockpile site(s), hauling, unloading the pipes at the culvert sites, preparing the bed, assembling the culvert and placement of backfill material around the pipe will be considered incidental to the culvert installation.

Quantities for culvert excavation, backfill material and compaction will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate Unit Price Table Items.

lackenzie Highway, N.W.T.	Corrugated Structural	Division 9
tandard Specifications	Plate Culverts	Section 7
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9.7.1. Description

This item consists of the transportation from barge landing and the installation of Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe (C.S.P.P.) Culverts in accordance with these specifications and to the lines and grades shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

9.7.2. Materials

All Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe materials will be supplied to the work by the Department.

9.7.3. Construction

.l Excavation

- (a) The location, elevation and limits of excavation for the culverts will be staked by the Engineer.
- (b) Excavation shall be carried out in accordance with the requirement for Excavation Common and/or Excavation Rock, Division 9, Section 2.
- (c) Where applicable, the Contractor shall provide a temporary diversion for the flow of water outside the limits of the culvert. The method used in diverting the water shall be approved by the Engineer.

.2 Foundation

The culvert bed shall proved a firm foundation throughout its entire area. The bed shall be sub-excavated to the dimensions staked by the Engineer and backfilled with approved material which shall be compacted as directed by the Engineer.

.3 Assembly

- (a) Placing and assembly of the pipe may only proceed after the excavation, foundation and bedding for the pipe has been approved by the Engineer. The assembly shall be in accordance with the shop drawings. All holes shall be filled with bolts and shall be tightened to a torque of not less than 150 foot pounds and not more than 200 foot pounds.
- (b) The Contractor shall, when specified in the General Requirements, arrange at his own cost to have in the field a fully qualified representative of

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T.	Corrugated Structural	Division	9	_
Standard Specifications	Plate Culverts	Section	7	
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9.7.3. Construction (Continued)

.3 Assembly (Continued)

(a) the culvert supplier during the period of installation to ensure that the culver assembly, erection and general constructi are in accordance with the supplier's recommendations.

.4 Backfilling

Assembly and tightening of all bolts shall be completed and approved by the Engineer before backfilling may commence. Backfill material will be located and approved by the Engineer.

During the course of backfilling around and above the pipe the deflections within the pipe will be measured. Plumb bobs shall be suspended within the pipe by the Contractor at locations under each embankment shoulder, at the midpoint of the pipe and under each slope at locations designated by the Engineer Plumb bobs shall be suspended at 10, 12 and 1 o'clock positions and maintained by the Contractor throughout the course of backfilling of each pipe. Deflection readings will be taken by the Engineer.

Backfill material shall be placed in successive layers and compacted in accordance with the Plans and Specifications or as directed by the Engineer. Equipment used for the back filling operation up to three (3) feet above the top of the pipe shall run parallel and as close to the pipe as possible with simultateous hand spreading and compaction by mechanical tampers along the face of the pipe. Special attention shall be given to compaction under the haunches.

Lateral movement of the pipe shall be preventby controlling the rate of filling on each side. The Contractor will be responsible for the proper placing of the bedding and backfill as evidenced by the deformation of the pipe from its original shape. No strutting of the pipe will be allowed without written approval from the Engineer. Unless otherwise directed the following criteria on deflection will be followed. Vertical deflections that tend to increase the original vertical dimension will only be allowed. Vertical deflections will not be permitted to exceed three (3) percent of the original vertical diameter. Horizontal deflections will not be permitted to exceed five (5) percent of the original horizontal diameter.

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9.7.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.4 Backfilling (Cont'd)

If during the placement of backfill or embank ment around and above the pipe the deformations should exceed the above limits, the work shall cease and the Engineer shall be notified. The Engineer may then order the removal and replacement of the backfill in it entirety or in part and may require as a corrective measure that the pipe be strutted, either horizontally or vertically. The Contractor shall undertake the corrective work required entirely at his own expense.

Vehicular traffic and construction equipment will not be allowed to cross over the structuuntil the backfill has been constructed and compacted to a minimum depth of three (3) feet over the highest point on the pipe, or to a height specified by the pipe supplier for the loadings anticipated.

9.7.4. Measurement .

The quantity of Corrugated Structural Plate Pipe (C.S.P.P.) Culverts to be measured for payment will be as a lump sum for transportation and installation of each individual pipe acceptably completed in accordance with the Plans and Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

.2 The quantities of excavation, backfill and compaction will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate items in the Unit Price Table.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Crushed, Screened &	Division 9
Standard Specifications	Pit Run gravel	Section 8
March, 1975	•	Page 1 of 3

9.8.1. Description

This item consists of excavating, crushing, screening or otherwise removing oversize material from gravel or stone and the loading and placing of the material in stockpile(s) or on the road as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

9.8.2. Materials

The material will be obtained from sources shown on the Plans, except the Engineer may designate other sources if during the construction other sources are located.

.l Crushed Gravel - 3/4" Minus
The material shall consist of crushed stone or
crushed gravel of clean, hard, angular particles
free from clay lumps, cementation and organic or
other deleterious material, and shall meet the
following gradation requirements:

Sieve No.	Percent Passing (By Weight)
3/4" No. 4	100% 40 - 65
No. 10	25 - 55
No. 40	10 - 30
No. 200	3 - 8

A minimum of 50% of the material retained on the No. 4 Sieve shall have at least one fractured face.

.2 Screened Gravel - 3" Minus

The material consists of screened gravel of clean, hard particles, free from clay lumps, cementation and organic or other deleterious material and shall meet the following gradation requirement.

Sieve No.	(By Weight)
3"	100%
No. 4	30 - 70
No. 200	3 - 10

.3 Pit Run Gravel

The material shall consist of pit run gravel of clean, hard particles free from cementation and organic or other deleterious material. All oversize material shall be removed at the pit or on the road. Stones of dimensions exceeding the thickness of the lift in which the gravel is spread by more than one (1) inch is defined as oversize material; except that material passing the 3 inch sieve will not be classified as oversize.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T. Standard Specifications March, 1975			shed, Screened & Run Gravel	Division 9 Section 8 Page 2 of 3
9.8.3. Construction	.1.	quar sha]	aring and grubbing of gravel rry area(s) access roads and I conform to the requiremen Obing, Division 9, Section 1	d stockpile site(s), nts for Clearing and
	.2	grav stru with	evation and disposal of material deposit(s) and quarry auction of access roads, shall the requirements for Excavant the properties of the contract of the cont	area(s) and the con- Il be in accordance Vation Common and
	.3	in s	ore gravel can be placed eit stockpile(s), approval must ineer.	
		(a)	For placement of gravel on roadbed surface shall be smand free from potholes and and blading shall be perforby the Engineer.	nooth riding ruts. Scarifying
		(b)	The hauling shall be unifor the width of the traffic launiform compaction. The Comaintain the haulroads at h	anes to produce ontractor shall
		(c)	The gravel shall be dumped mly on the roadbed surface specified by the Engineer.	
		(d)	When gravel is used to back areas, and for backfill matculverts, the backfill open accordance with the requirement, Division 9, Section 4	terial around ration will be in ements for Embank-
t.		(e)	Stockpile site(s) shall be and be clean of all deleter. The stockpile(s) shall be so by the Engineer and construenceding three (3) feet in entire stockpile area. Stokept free of snow and ice coperation.	rious material. shaped as directed ucted in layers not n depth over the ockpiles shall be
9.8.4. Measurement		The	quantity of CRUSHED, SCREEN	NED and/or PIT RUN

9.8.4. Measurement

The quantity of CRUSHED, SCREENED and/or PIT RUN GRAVEL to be measured for payment, will be the number of tons of material produced, loaded and placed in accordance with this specification and accepted by the Engineer.

Measurement for Gravel Haul will be in accordance with the requirements for Gravel Haul, Division 9, Section 9.

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Crushed, Screened &	Division 9
Standard Specifications	Pit Run Gravel	Section 8
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9.8.4. Measurement (Cont'd)

The clearing, grubbing and/or stripping of gravel deposits and stockpile sites and the construction of access roads will be measured for payment in accordance with the appropriate Unit Price Table items.

The removal of snow and ice as specified in Article 9.8.3.3.(e) is considered incidental to the construction and no separate measurement for payment will be made therefor.

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Standard Specifications March, 1975	Gravel Haul	Division 9 Section 9 Page 1 of 1			
9.9.1. Description	This item consists of the hauling of material measur under the classification o	ed for payment			
9.9.2. Materials	Not applicable.				
9.9.3. Construction	Not applicable.				
9.9.4. Measurement	The quantity of HAUL to be payment will be the number of gravel haul acceptably	of ton miles			
	The quantity will be computed by multiplying the weight of the material in tons by the haul distance measured in miles along the designated route between the point of loading and the designated delivery point.				
	For the purpose of this Specification, the designated delivery point shall be considered as the center of the project mile, except:				

section.

within the mile.

(b)

If a section is shorter than one mile, the designated delivery point will be the center of that

mile are to be constructed at varying rates of application, the

designated delivery point will be the center of each such section

If sections within a project

Mackenzie Highway, N.W.T. Standard Specifications March, 1975	Water	Division 9 Section 10 Page 1 of 1
9.10.1. Description	This item consists of loading, transporting and distributing water required for the construction of highway embankment.	
9.10.2. Materials	The Engineer will approve the source of water.	
	The water shall be free from quantities of organic matter salts.	
9.10.3. Construction	Watering equipment shall cortight tanks mounted on adequatrucks. The water shall be through a spray bar of such provide a uniform unbroken swater the full width of the suitable device for positive the spray bar shall be so lopermit control from the cab.	uately power applied design as to spread of spray bar. A shutoff of ocated as to
	The Engineer will determine of water to be applied and tapplication.	
9.10.4. Measurement	The quantity of WATER to be for payment, will be the numl,000 gallon units of water loaded, transported and dist	nber of acceptable
	Measurement will be made at of delivery. The volume of be computed from the volumet of the tank.	water will

Mackenzie Highway N.W.T.	Rip-Rap	Division 9
Standard Specifications		Section 11
March 1975		Page 1 of 4

9.11.1. Description

This item consists of constructing a protective covering of sacked soil-cement or approved stone, with or without mortar, on an earth bed or granular filter blanket in accordance with these specifications. Rip-rap shall be constructed at the locations and in conformity with the lines, grades and dimensions shown on the Plans or as designated by the Engineer.

9.11.2. Materials

The Contractor shall supply all materials.

- Stone Rip-Rap: Rip-rap materials shall be of approved quality and shall consist of sound, hard and dense stones, boulders or quarry rocks resistant to the action of air and water and free from seams, cracks or other structural defects.
 - a) Hand-placed rip-rap material for corrugated metal pipe culverts, ditch blocks and ditch checks shall consist of stones, boulders or quarry rocks having dimensions of not less than six (6) inches in any one direction.
 - b) Rip-rap materials for corrugated structural plate culverts, bridges, and channel bank protection shall consist of stones, boulders or quarry rocks meeting the requirements for "Heavy Rip-rap),

HEAVY RIP-RAP

Weight of	Stones (1bs)	Percentage
	1,200 800	40 - 60
50 -	400	20 - 40 10 - 30
Under	50	0

or meeting the requirements for "Armour Rip-Rap".

ARMOUR RIP-RAP

Weight of Stones (lbs)	Percentage
1,200 - 2,000 400 - 1,200 200 - 400 Under 200	60 - 70 20 - 30 10 - 20

Filter blanket material shall be approved by the Engineer.

Specifications for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar A 82.56 unless otherwise instructed by the Engineer.
Cement for mortar shall be Portland Cement conforming to the latest C.S.A. Specification A5, (Type 1) unless otherwise specified in Division 1, Section 1.
Sacked Soil-Cement Rip-Rap a) The soil material shall consist of a sand and/or gravel from a source selected by the Engineer.
b) Sacks shall be manufactured from minimum 10 ounce burlap and shall be approximately 20 inches by 36 inches measured inside the seams when the sack is laid flat. The capacity of each sack shall be approximately 1.25 cubic feet.
c) The cement shall be Portland Cement conforming to the latest C.S.A. Specification A5, Type 1.
Preparation of Foundation a) Hand-Placed Rip-Rap: Aprons and slopes to be rip- rapped shall be excavated as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer to provide adequate foundation upon which the rip-rap shall rest. The foundation bed shall be fine graded to form a uniform and even surface. Depressions shall be filled and thoroughly compacted.
b) <u>Hand-Placed Grouted Rip-Rap</u> : Preparation of foundation shall be performed as .1 (a) above.
c) Random Rip-Rap: If required, a shelf or ledge shall be excavated to permit dumping of the stones
d) Sacked Soil-Cement Rip-Rap: Preparation of foundation shall be performed as .1 (a) above.
e) Filter Blanket: Filter blankets shall be construc- ted at locations shown on the Plans or where directed by the Engineer, and to the lines and grades as staked by the Engineer.
2 Placing a) Hand-Placed Rip-Rap: Stones shall be placed by hand to cover the required length, width and thickness. Stones shall be firmly bedded into the slopes and against adjoining stones with spalls used to fill the voids. The larger stones shall be placed in the bottom rows. The largest dimension of the stones shall be perpendicular to the slope, unless such dimension is greater than the specified thickness of the rip-rap.

Rip-rap

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Sand for mortar shall conform to the latest C.S.A.

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9.11.2. Materials

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9.11.3. Construction (Cont'd)

.2 Placing (Cont'd)

b) Hand-Placed Grouted Rip-Rap: The stones shall be placed as specified in .2(a) above. The surface of the stones shall be thoroughly wetted before applying the mortar. The spaces between the stones shall be filled with cement mortar with the outer faces of the stones left exposed. The mortar shall be composed of one (1) part Portland Cement and three (3) parts of sand, of such consistency that it can be placed with a mason's trowel. After completing the grouting, the exposed surfaces of the stones shall be thoroughly brushed to remove the cement mortar. The outer stones shall project two (2) to four (4) inches above the grouted surface.

Grouted rip-rap shall be cured using curing compounds, burlap, a blanket of earth kept wet for seventy-two (72) hours, or by sprinkling with a fine spray every two (2) hours during the day-time for a period of three (3) days.

- Random Rip-Rap: Random rip-rap shall be dumped onto the surface to be rip-rapped and sufficient hand and/or machine work shall be performed to produce a uniform depth and surface of the finished rip-rap.
- Sacked Soil-Cement Rip-Rap: The Engineer will designate the amount of cement to be used in the preparation of the soil-cement mixture. The soil and cement shall be dry mixed in a manner which, in the opinion of the Engineer, is acceptable for uniformly distributing the cement throughout the soil. Each burlap sack shall be filled with approximately one (1) cubic foot of soil-cement mixture and securely tied at the top in a manner meeting with the acceptance of the Engineer. If the sacks are not to be immediately placed into their final position, they shall be kept dry. Upon placing into the work, each sack shall be packed into conformance with the prepared base and adjacent sacks already in place. Additional courses of sacks shall be placed to obtain the required depth within the area staked or designated by the Engineer. If being placed in the summer the sacks shall then be thoroughly soaked with a gentle spray of water and kept moist for twenty-four (24) hours by sprinkling, covering with moist earth or other approved means.

When placing sacked soil-cement rip-rap during the summer months the Contractor may wet mix the soil-cement mixture providing the filled sacks are immediately placed into the work and kept

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9.11.3. Construction (Cont'd)

9.11.4. Measurement

moist for a period of twenty-four (24) hours.

The quantity of rip-rap which will be measured for payment shall be the number of cubic yards of rip-rap of the types specified in Division 1, Section 1 and provided for in the Unit Price Table, that have been accepted in the completed work by the Engineer. The measurement will be based on the volume of rip-rap in its final position.

In addition the following related work items will be measured for payment:

- .1 The supply and transportation of soil material for the sacked soil-cement will, for the purpose of payment, be measured as PIT RUN GRAVEL and HAUL OF PIT RUN GRAVEL.
- .2 The supply and transportation of filter blanket material will, for the purpose of payment, be measured as PIT RUN GRAVEL and HAUL OF PIT RUN GRAVEL.
- .3 The transportation of stone rip-rap material will, for the purpose of payment, be measured as HAUL OF PIT RUN GRAVEL.
- .4 Portland Cement for sacked soil-cement rip-rap will be measured as the number of 80 pound bags of cement acceptably supplied, delivered and incorporated into the soil-cement mixture.

All other work and materials required for acceptably completing the rip-rap installations with filter blankets where directed, will not be measured separately for payment but will be considered incidential to the work measurements outlined above.

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9.12.1. Description

This item consists of the removal and disposal of snow and ice from excavation and/or embankment areas on the highway right-of-way in preparation for winter construction.

9.12.2 Materials

Not applicable.

9.12.3. Construction

.1 Removal of Snow and Ice

- a) Snow and ice shall be removed from all right-of-way excavation and embankment areas prior to commencement of winter construction in such areas and they shall be kept free of snow while construction is underway.
- b) Snow shall be windrowed along the edge of the right-of-way in such a manner as to avoid damage to adjoining trees.

.2 Snow and Ice Removal Equipment

The Snow and Ice Removal Equipment shall consist of a crawler tractor of minimum 101 net flywheel horse power and equipped with a dozer blade. The blade shall be equipped with two height adjustable mushroom type shoes of a design approved by the Engineer.

The Snow and Ice Removal Equipment shall be equipped with an approved time recording device which accurately records the number of hours the machine is in operation.

It will be the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that the device is properly mounted and maintained, that the cards are accurately identified as to date and shift, and to daily deliver said cards to the Engineer.

The Engineer will record the number of operating hours for the machine and both the Engineer and the Contractor will certify daily that such records are correct.

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9.12.4. Measurement

The quantity of SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL as specified in paragraph 9.12.2.1 to be measured for payment, will be the number of approved hours the Snow and Ice Removal Equipment is operated removing snow and ice on the right-of-way.

Any required removal of snow and ice from borrow areas or other areas outside the highway right-of-way will not be measured separately for payment but will be considered incidental to the construction under other Unit Price Table items.